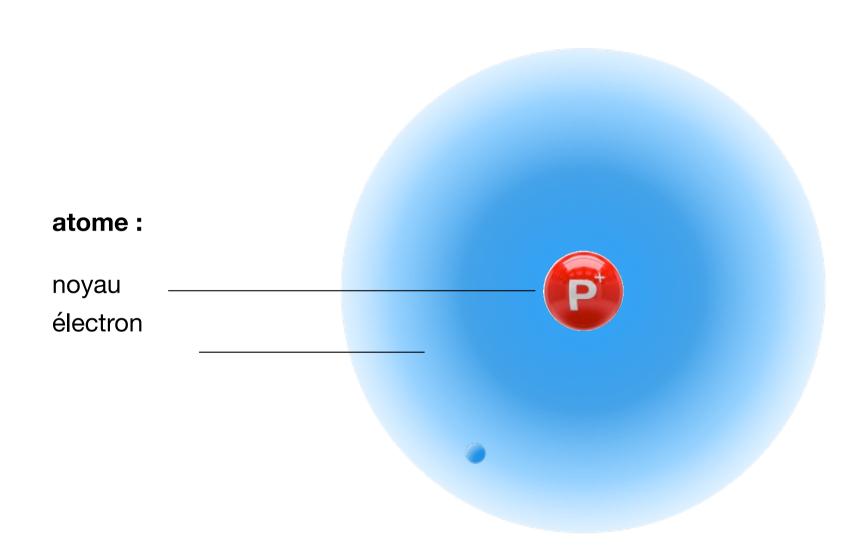
Les Rayons Cosmiques Peter von Ballmoos, IRAP Toulouse

les messagers de l'astronomie

	messagers	message, source principale
hV1	photons	quasi-totalité de ce que l'on connaît
2	météorites	histoire du système solaire
3	rayons cosmiques	leur origine, accélérateurs cosmiques
4	neutrinos	processus de très haute énergie
5	ondes gravitationnelles	"ballets" et "spirales" de la mort
CANAL+	?	matière noire
	?	énergie sombre

les rayons cosmiques





les messagers celeste "baryoniques" météorites vs. rayonnement cosmique

météorites



rayons cosmiques



$$f_{M>10g} \approx 18,000 - 84,000 [an^{-1}]$$

$$M_{m/an} \approx 40~000$$
 [tonnes / an]

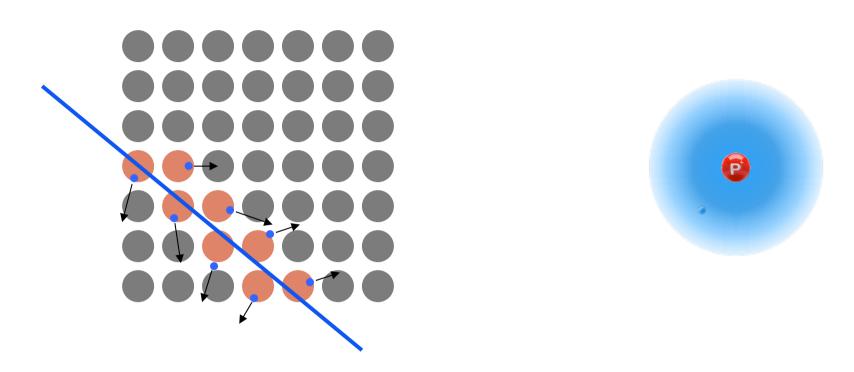
$$f_{RC} \approx 4 \text{ [cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}\text{]} = 5.7 \cdot 10^{26} \text{ [an}^{-1}\text{]}$$

$$M_{RC/an} < 500 [g / an]$$





Comment détecter les rayons cosmiques

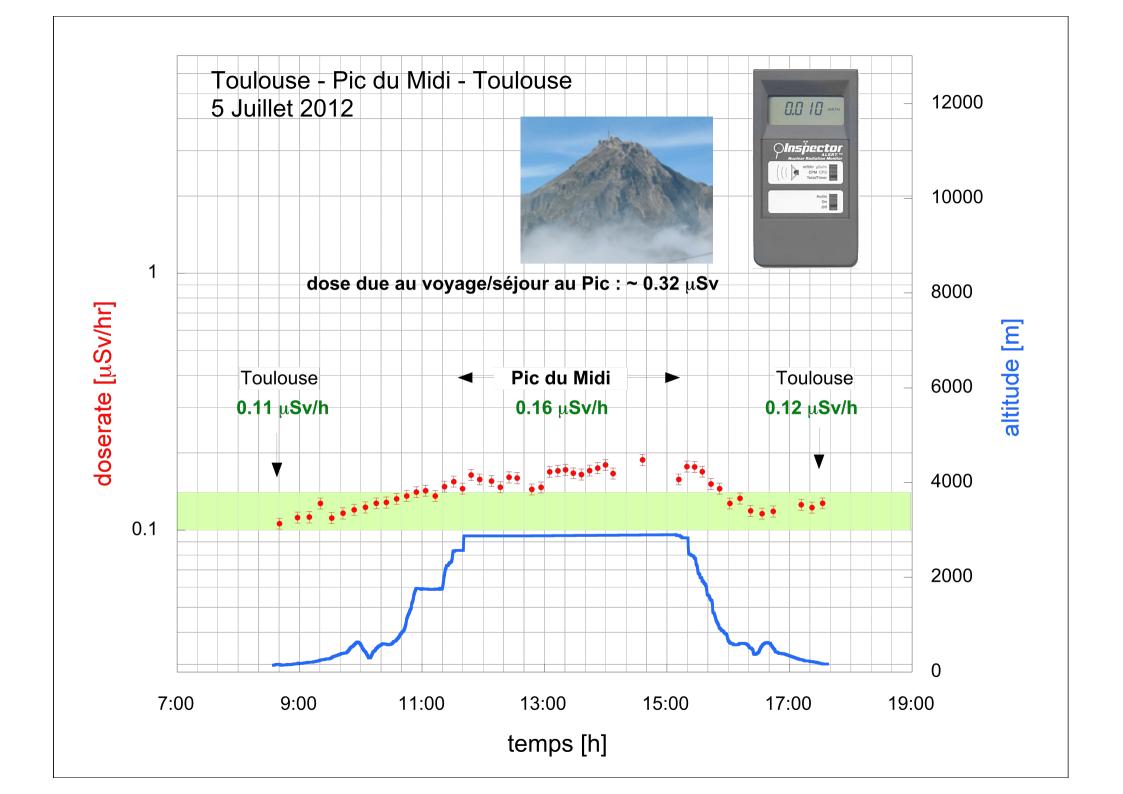


- ionisation du materiau du detecteur par la particule-> creation d' un grand nombre de porteurs de charge
- Il collection (reconversion) du signal du détecteur, amplification du courent et conversion par un CAD

la découverte des Rayons Cosmiques

Victor Hess mesure une augmentation des rayonnemnts ionisants jusqu'à 5000 m

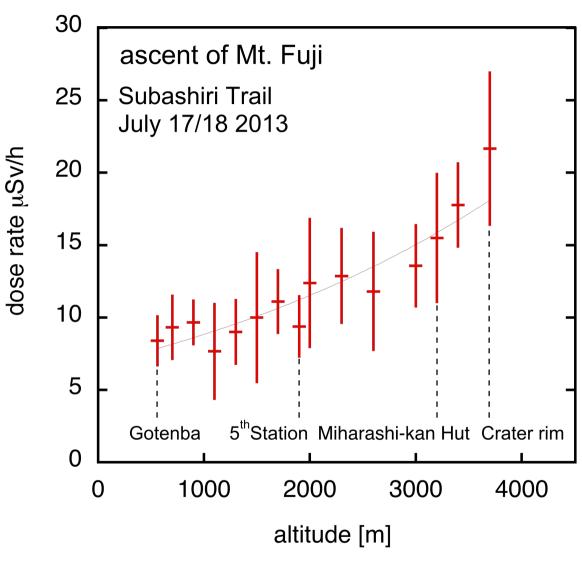


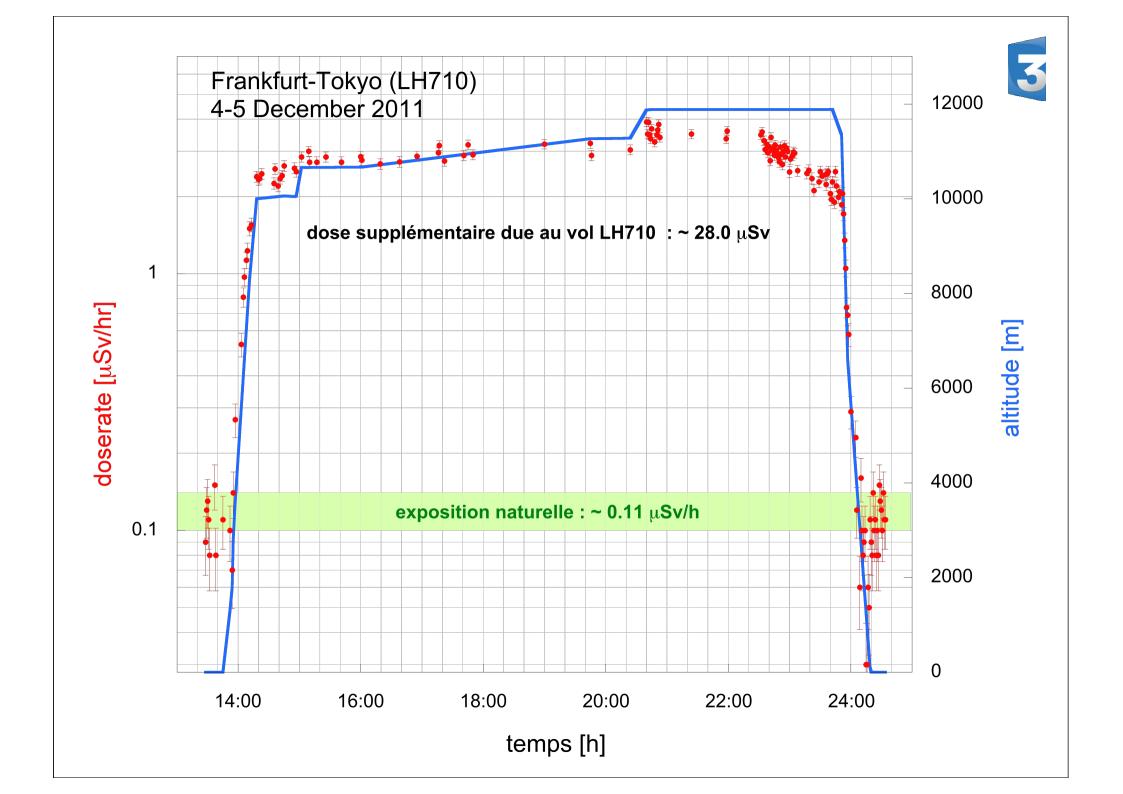


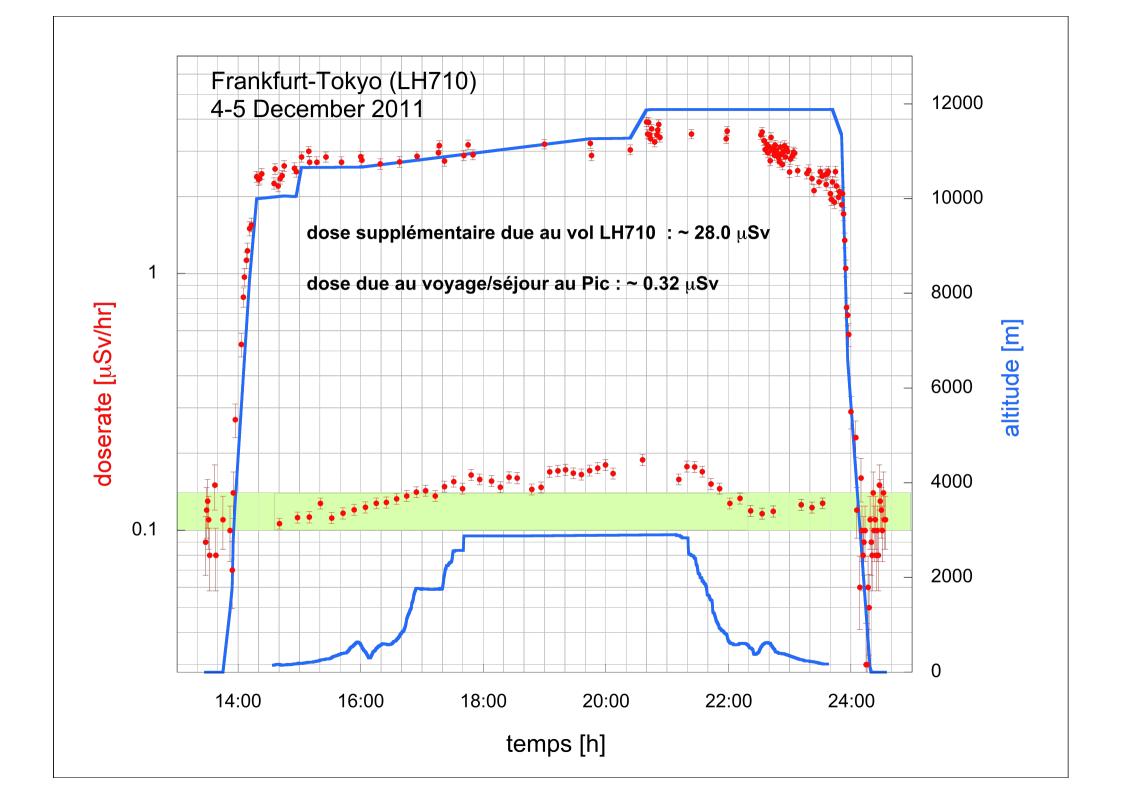
Ascension du Mt. Fuji ...



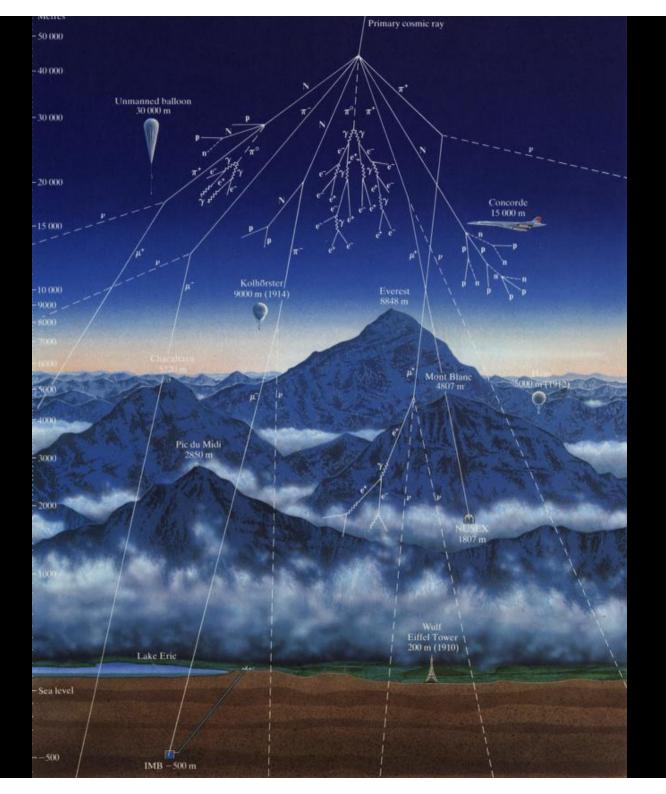




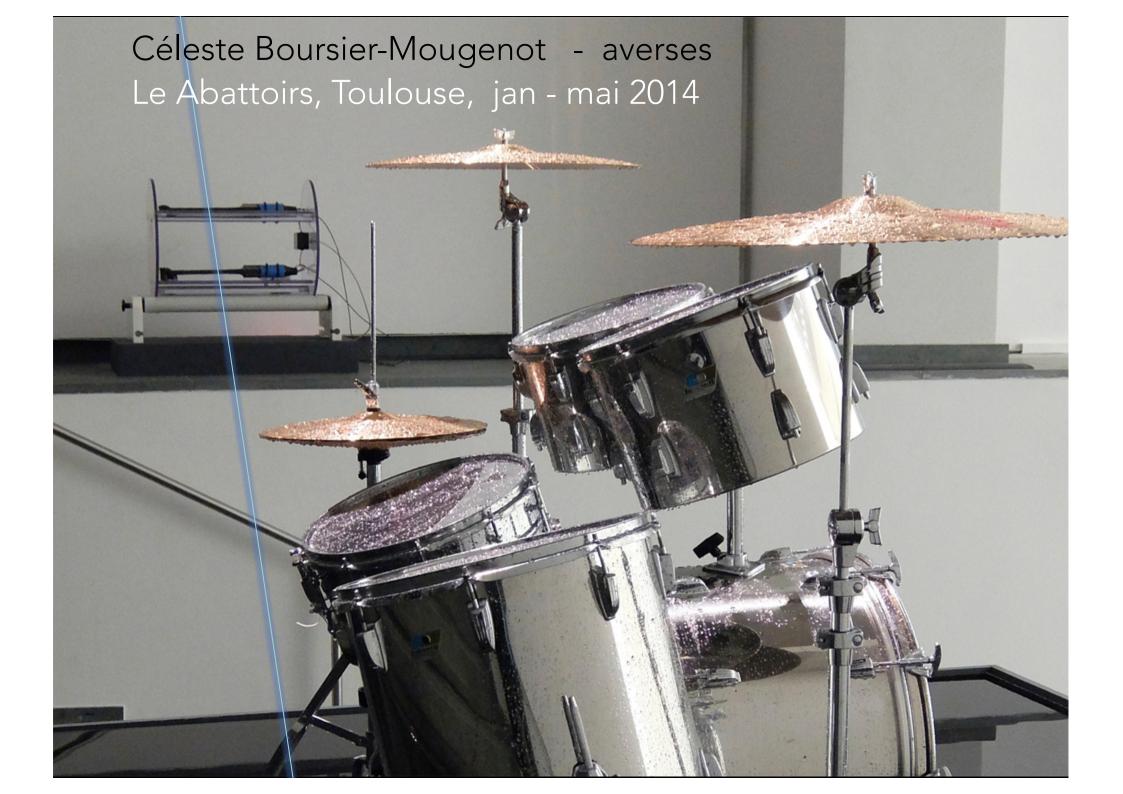


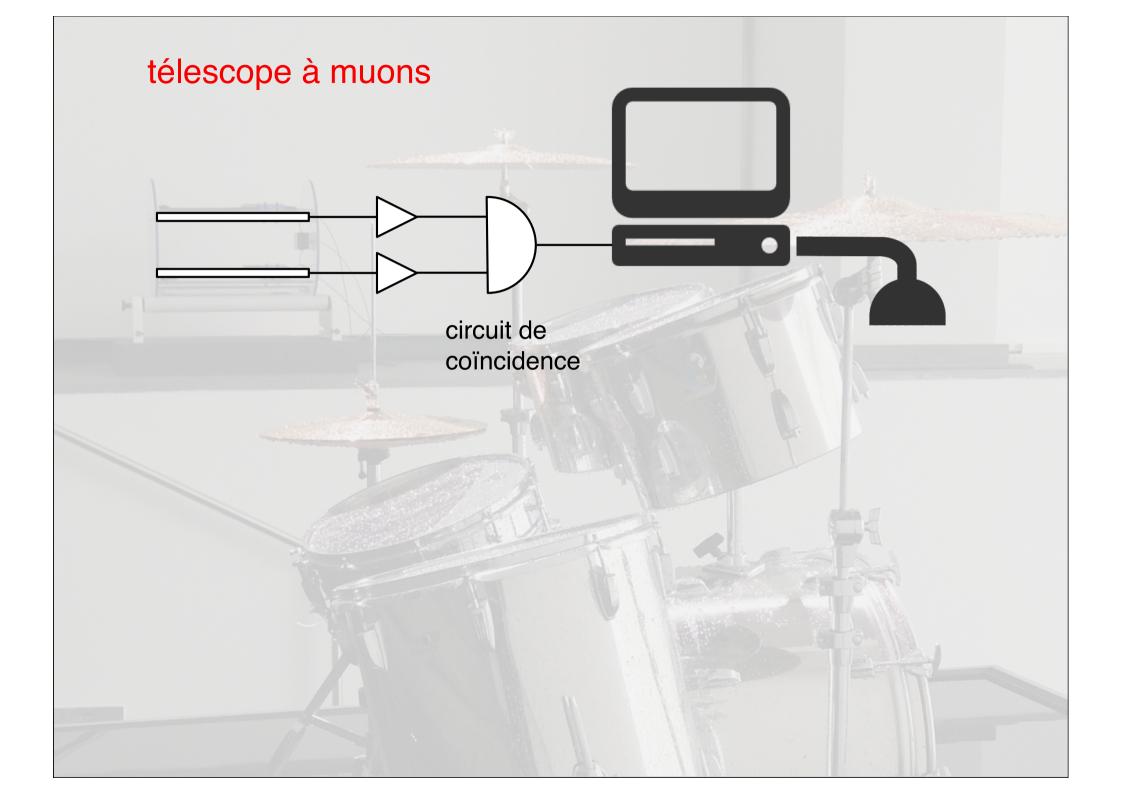


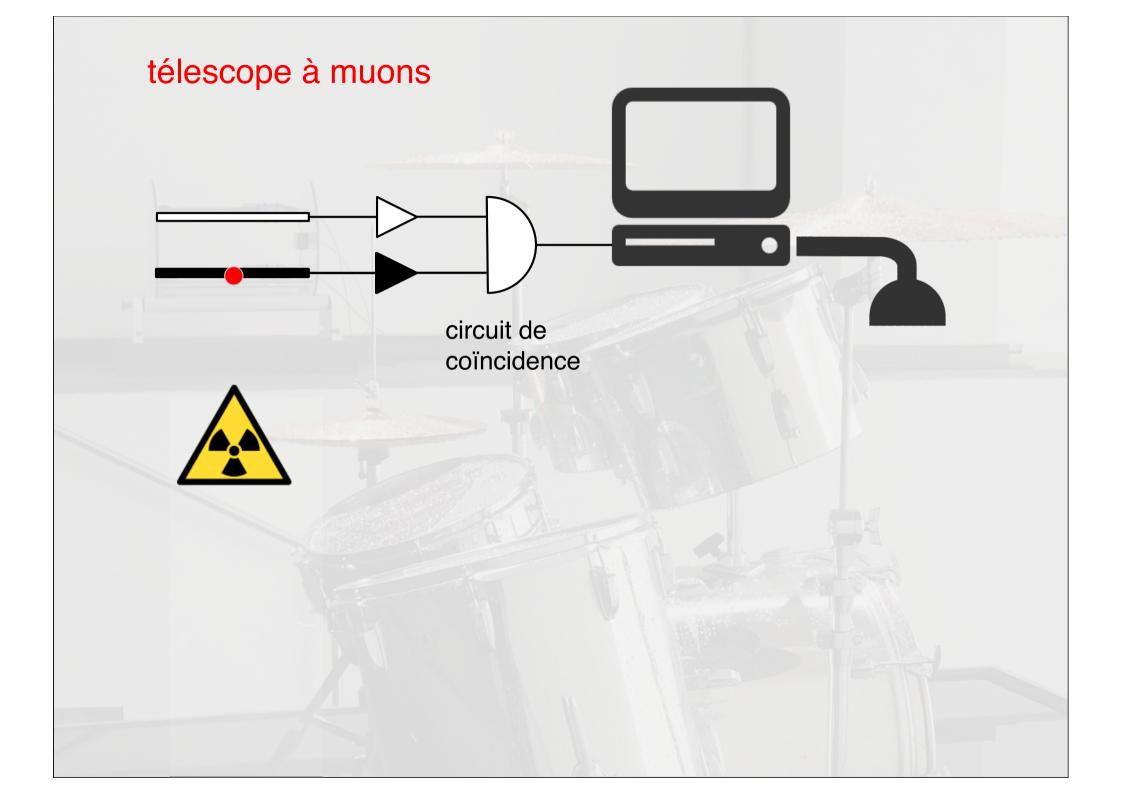
la gerbe produite par une particule primaire

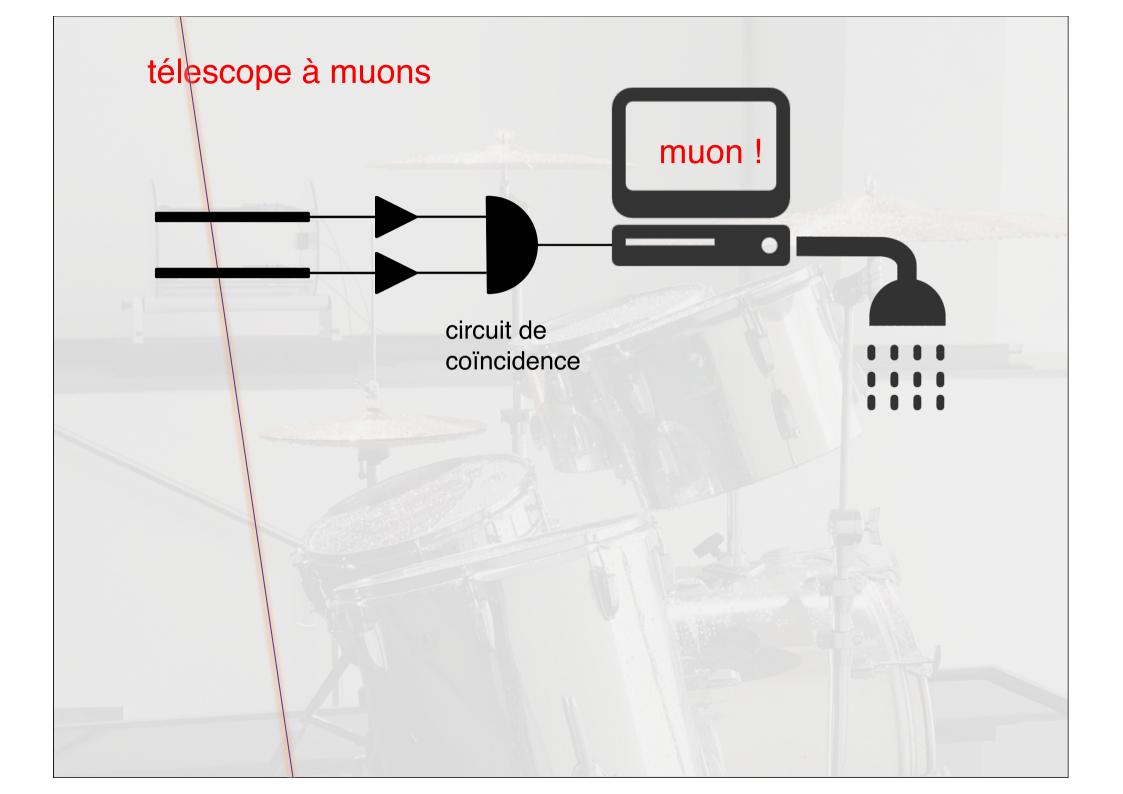


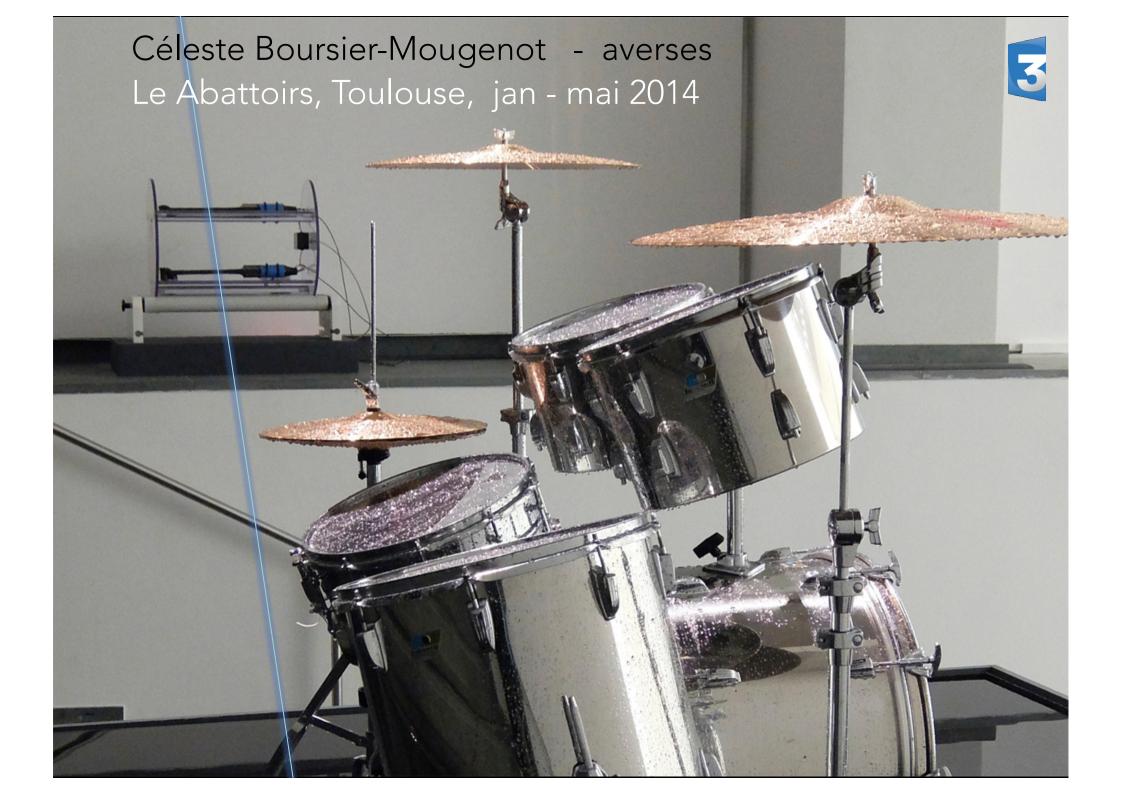


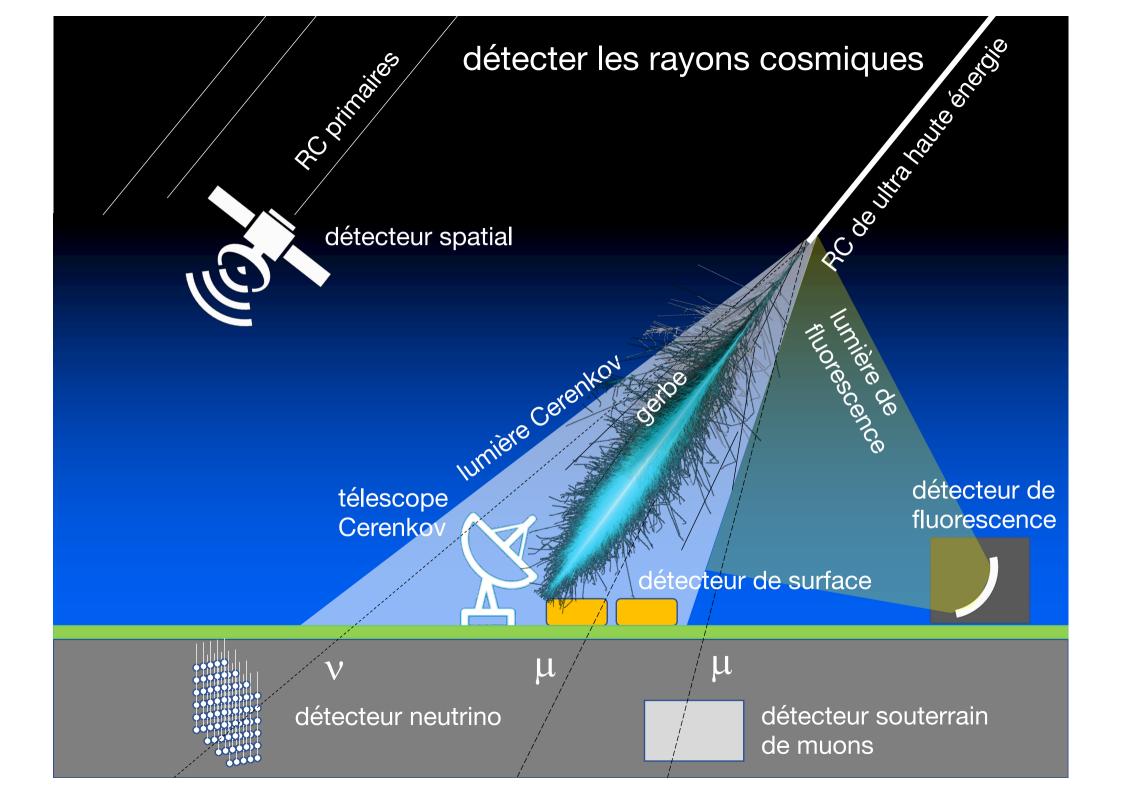




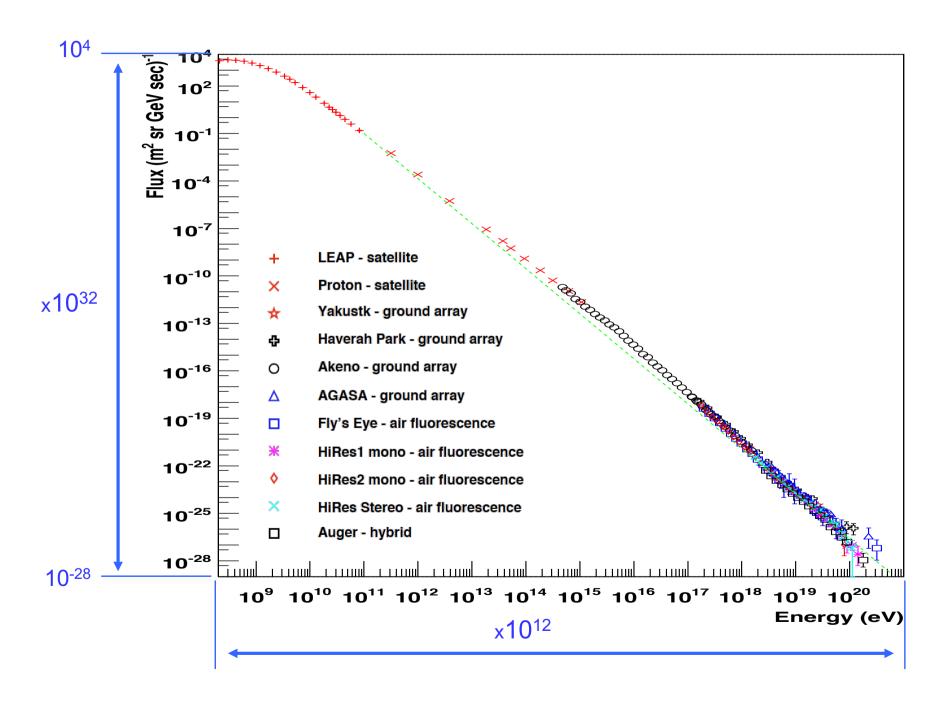




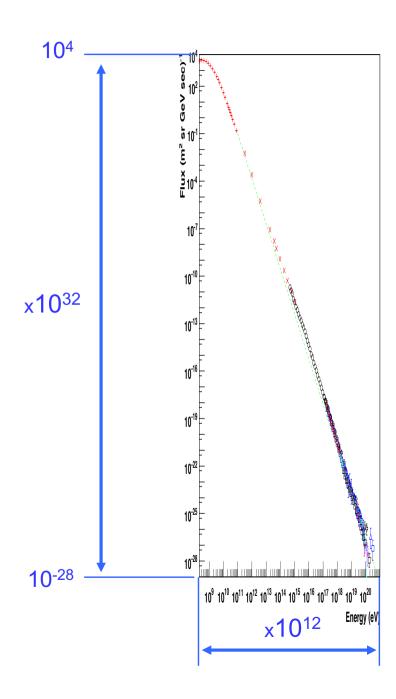




Le spectre des Rayons Cosmiques



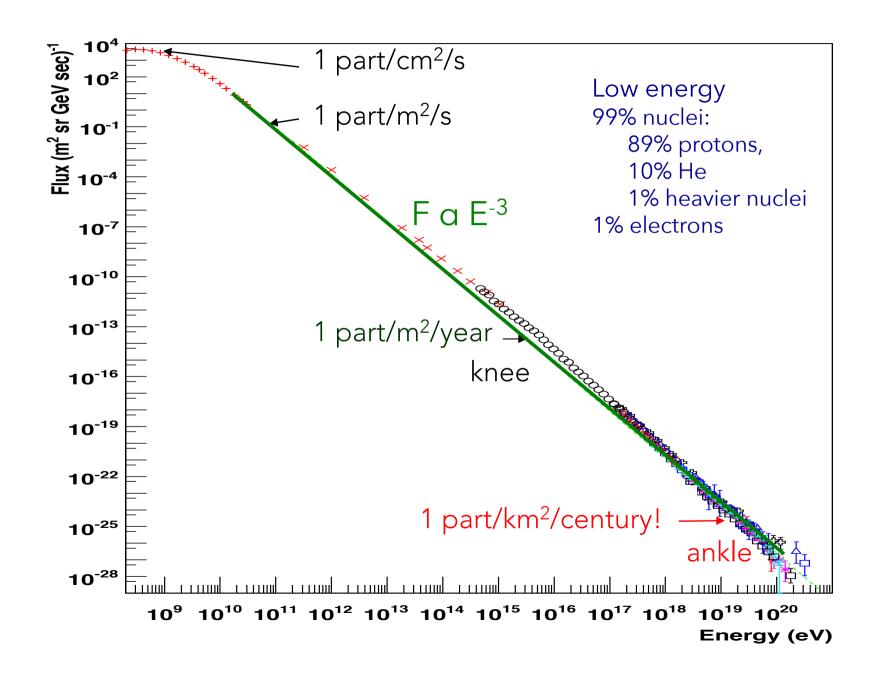
Le spectre des Rayons Cosmiques



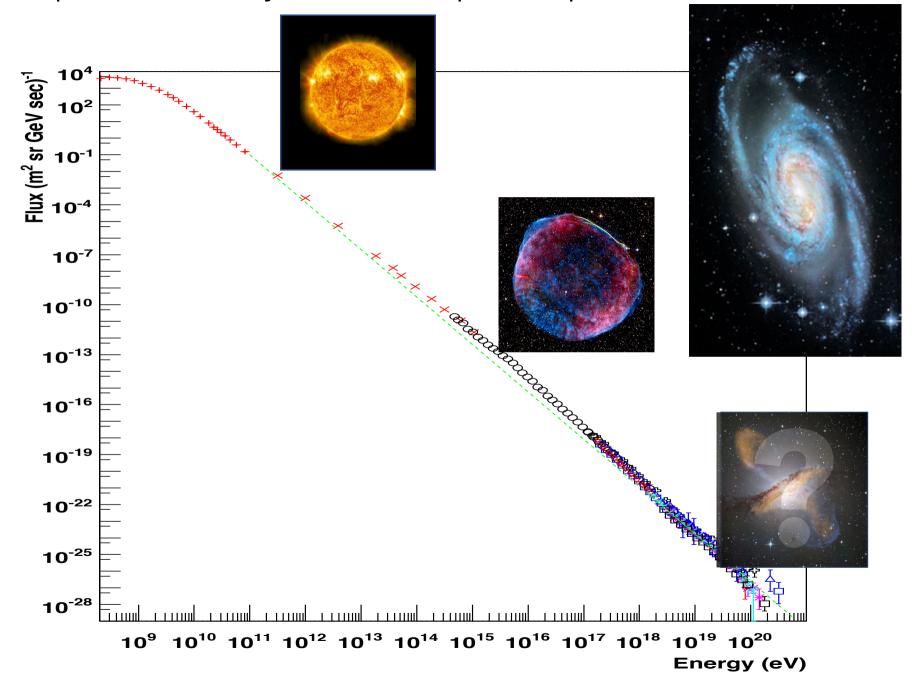
regulier sur 12 ordres de magnitude

dynamique 32 ordres de magnitude

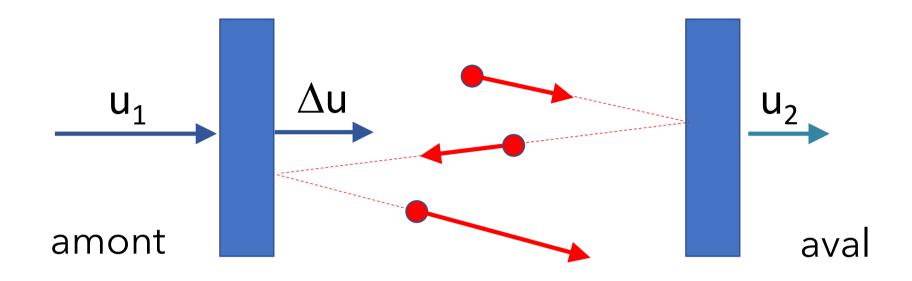
Le spectre des Rayons Cosmiques



Le spectre des Rayons Cosmiques - quels sources ?

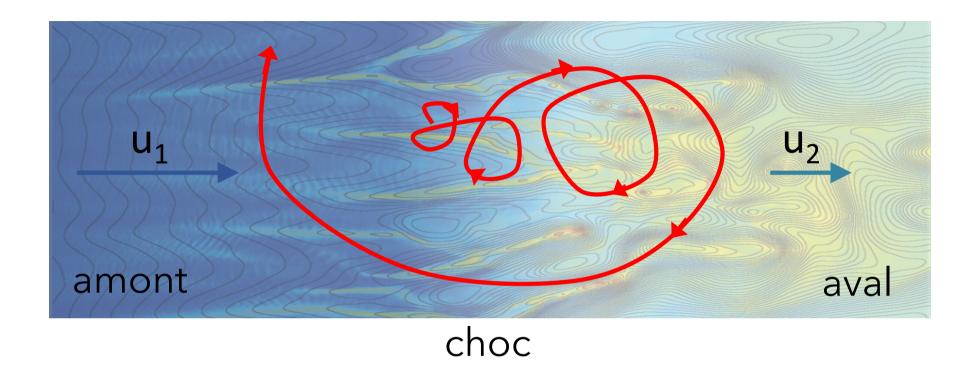


l'accélération par onde de choc



Le gain d'énergie de la particule qui traverse le choc depend de Δu (u_1 - u_2).

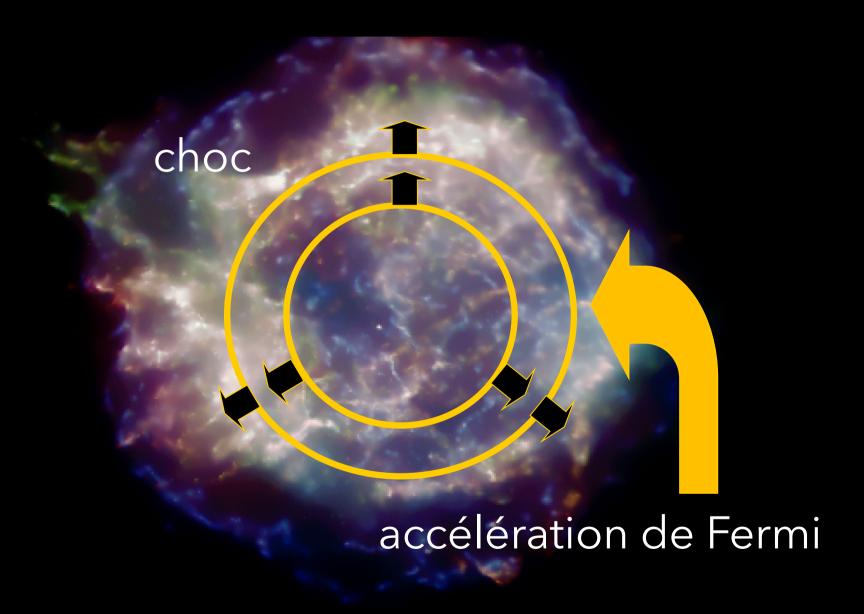
l'accélération par onde de choc



Le gain d'énergie de la particule qui traverse le choc depend de Δu (u_1 - u_2). En considerant les processus de perte, cela conduit à un spectre E^{-q} avec q > 2.

Le spectre "coupe" pour des rayons de gyration comparables à la dimension du choc.

l'accélération par onde de choc - reste de supernova



Les rayons cosmiques de Ultra-Haute Energie

"Evidence of Primary Cosmic Ray particle with energy 10²⁰ eV"

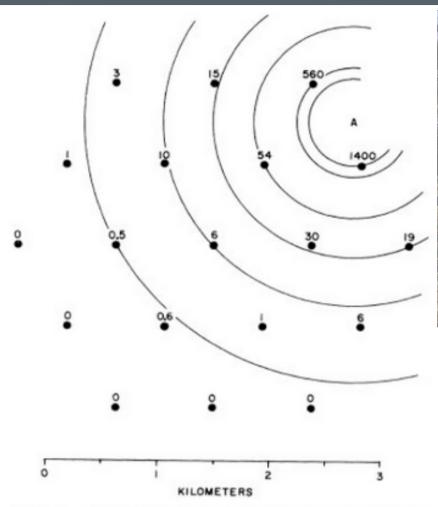
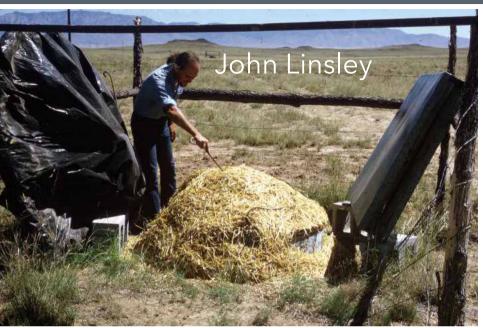


FIG. 1. Plan of the Volcano Ranch array in February 1962. The circles represent 3.3-m² scintillation detectors. The numbers near the circles are the shower densities (particles/m²) registered in this event, No. 2-4834. Point "A" is the estimated location of the shower core. The circular contours about that point aid in verifying the core location by inspection.

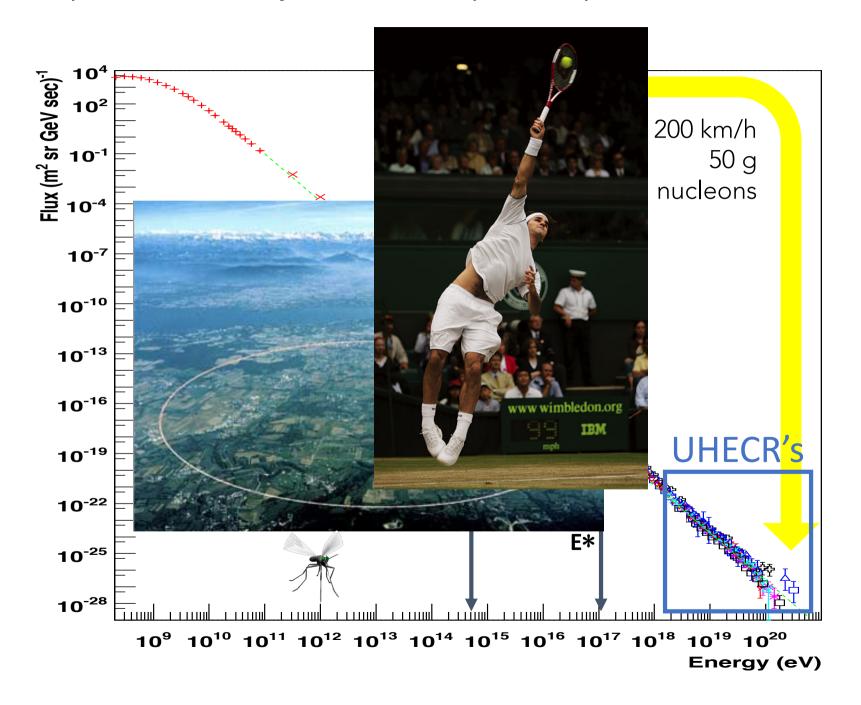
Linsley, Phys. Rev. Lett. 10, 1963



Volcano Ranch (New Mexico), 1962



Le spectre des Rayons Cosmiques - quels sources ?



astronomie avec des protons?



comment savoir d'où ils viennent?

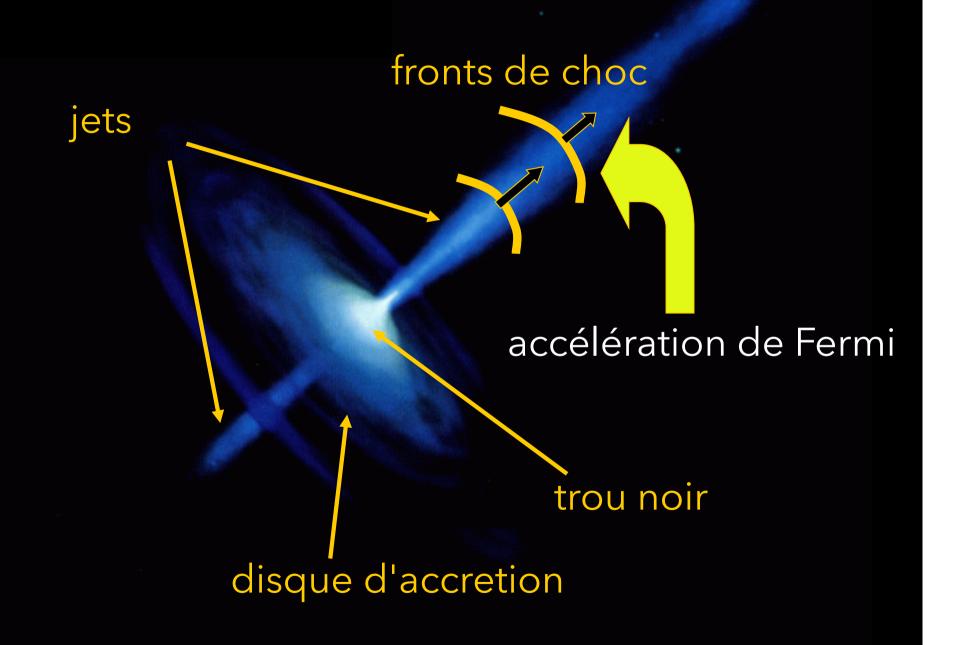
$$\theta \stackrel{\sim}{=} \frac{d}{R_{gyro}} = \frac{dB}{E}$$

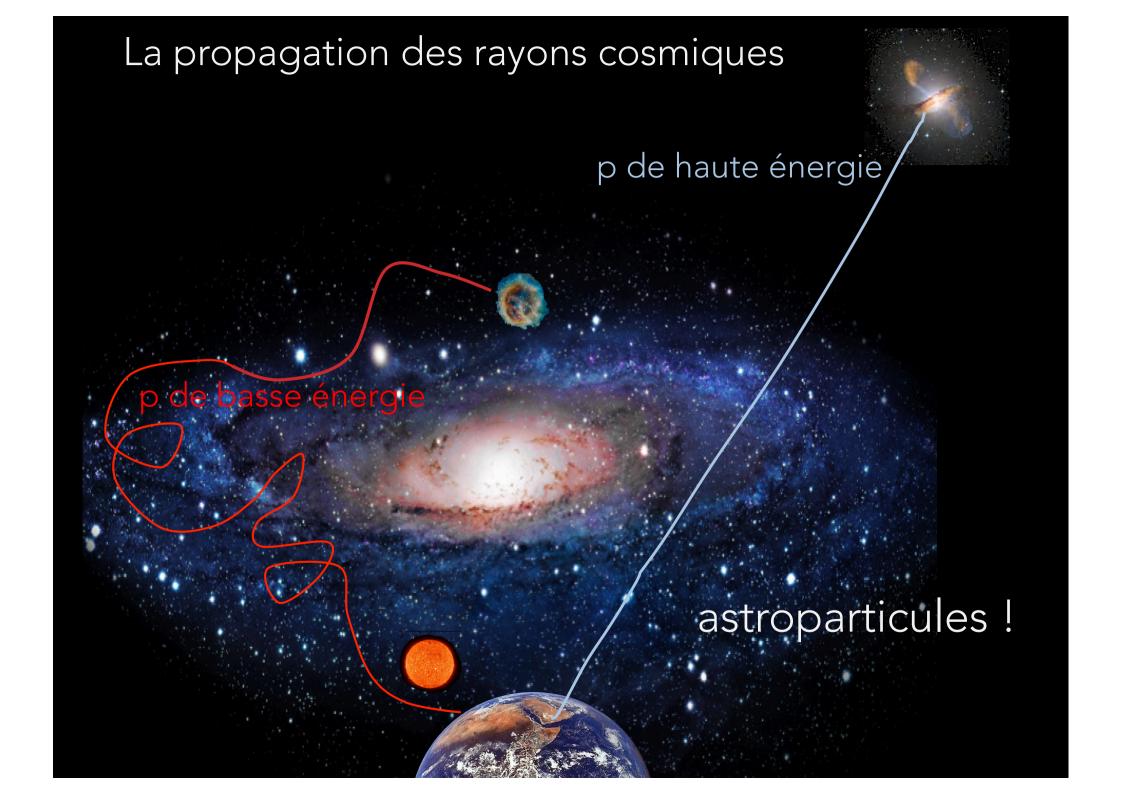
θ d R_{gyro} B E deviation distance rayon de gyration champ mag. energie proton

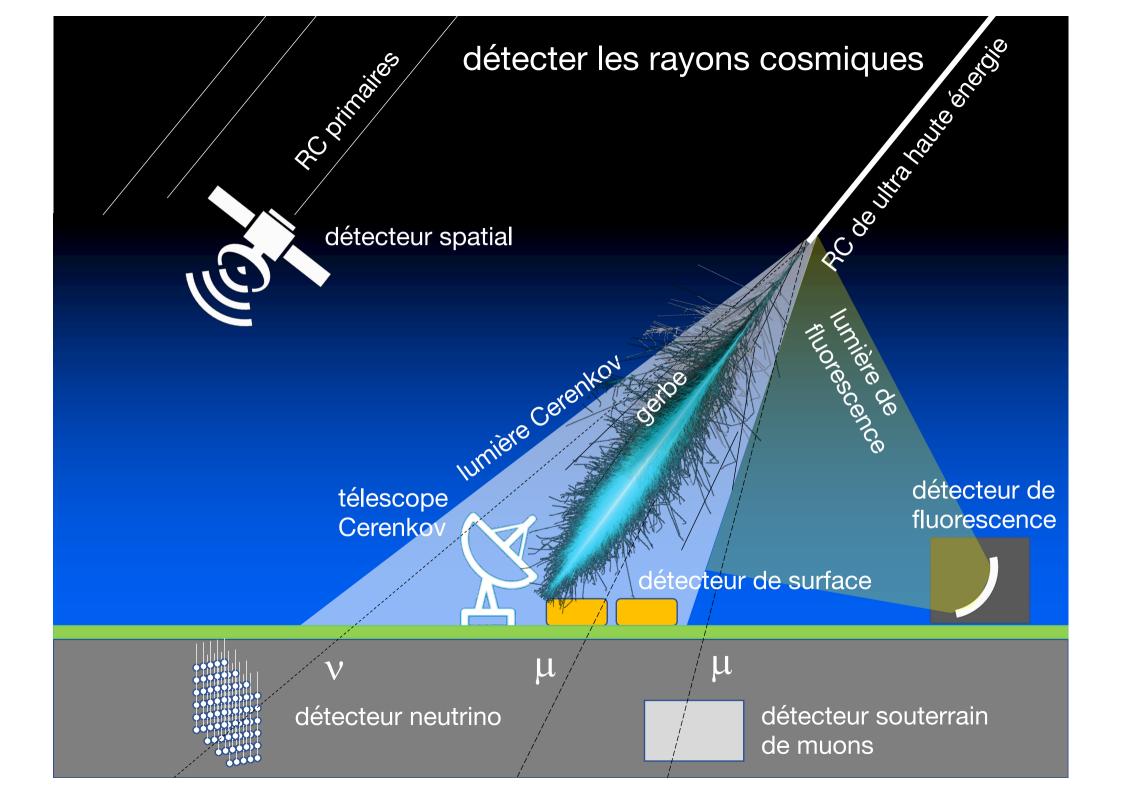
$$\frac{\theta}{0.1^{\circ}} \stackrel{\cong}{=} \frac{\begin{bmatrix} d \\ 1 \text{ Mpc} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B \\ 10^{-9} \text{ G} \end{bmatrix}}{E}$$

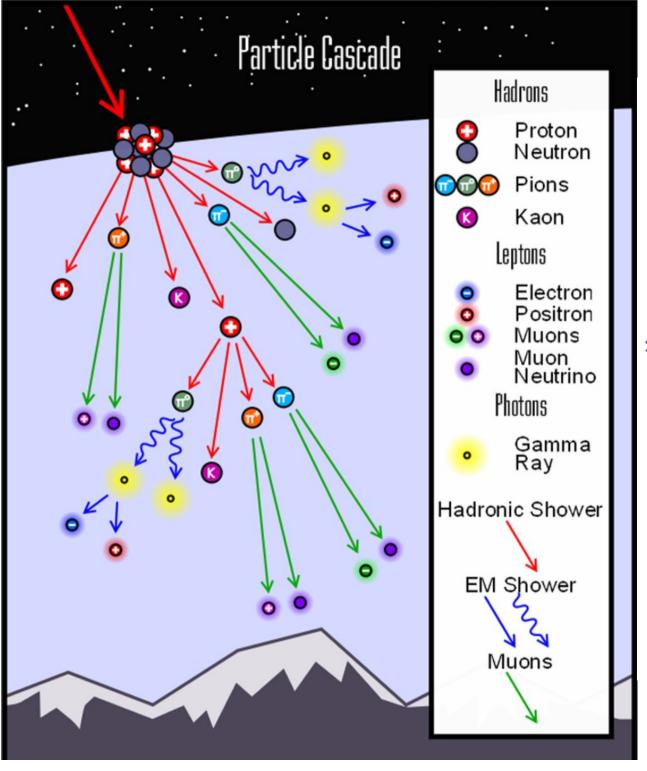
$$\frac{E}{3 \times 10^{20} \text{ eV}}$$

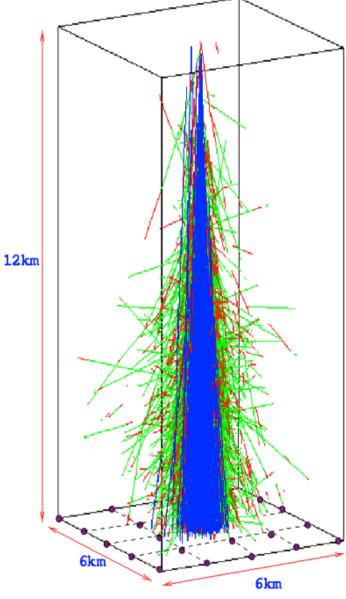
l'accélération par onde de choc - NAG

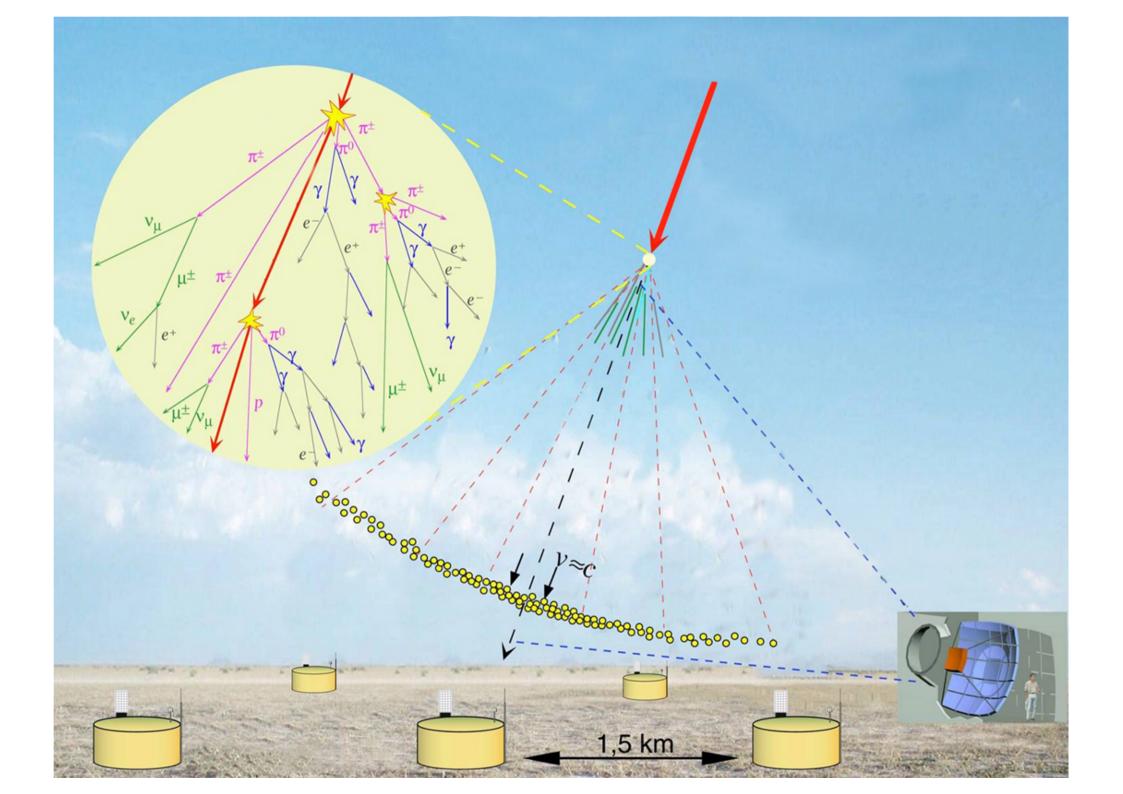








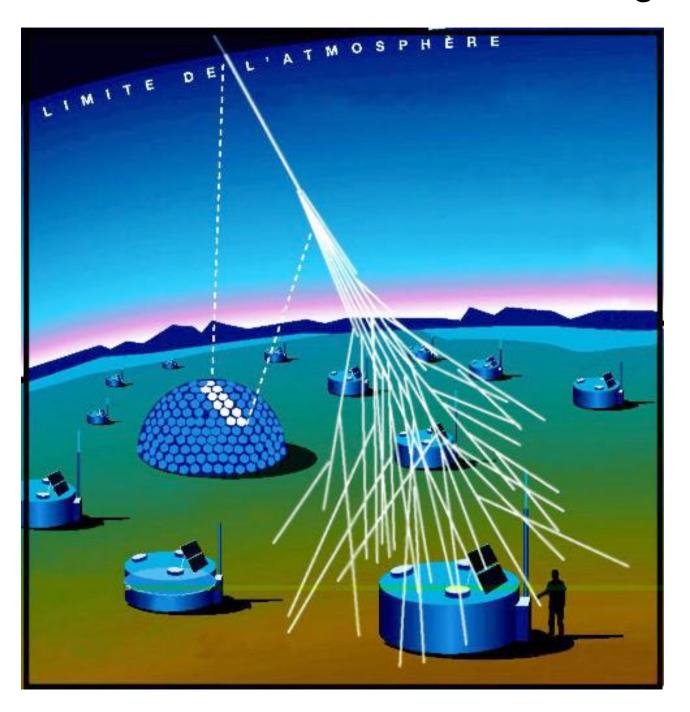




Détection : Fly's Eye Detector Array in Utah



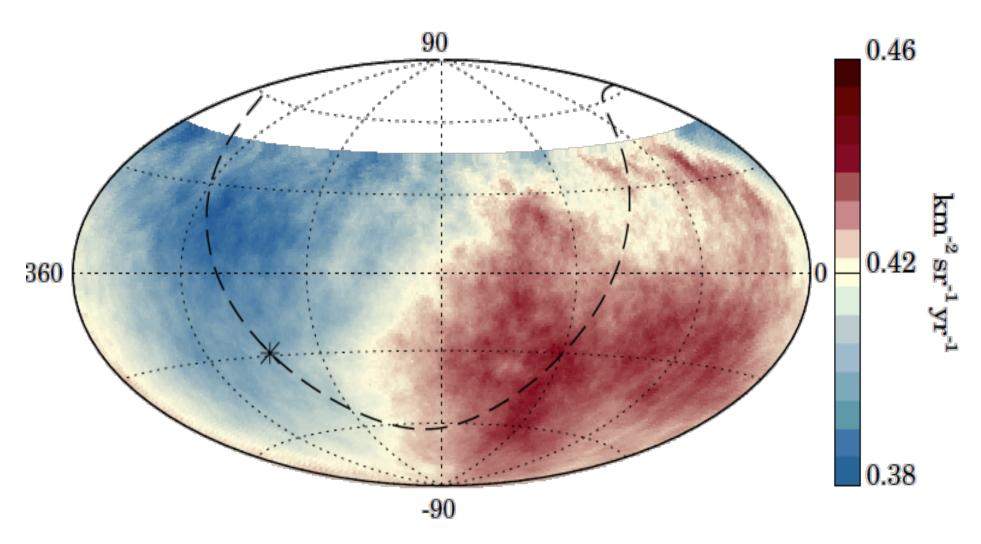
Détection : Observatoire Pierre Auger



Détection : Observatoire Pierre Auger



L'anisotropie dipolaire de Auger

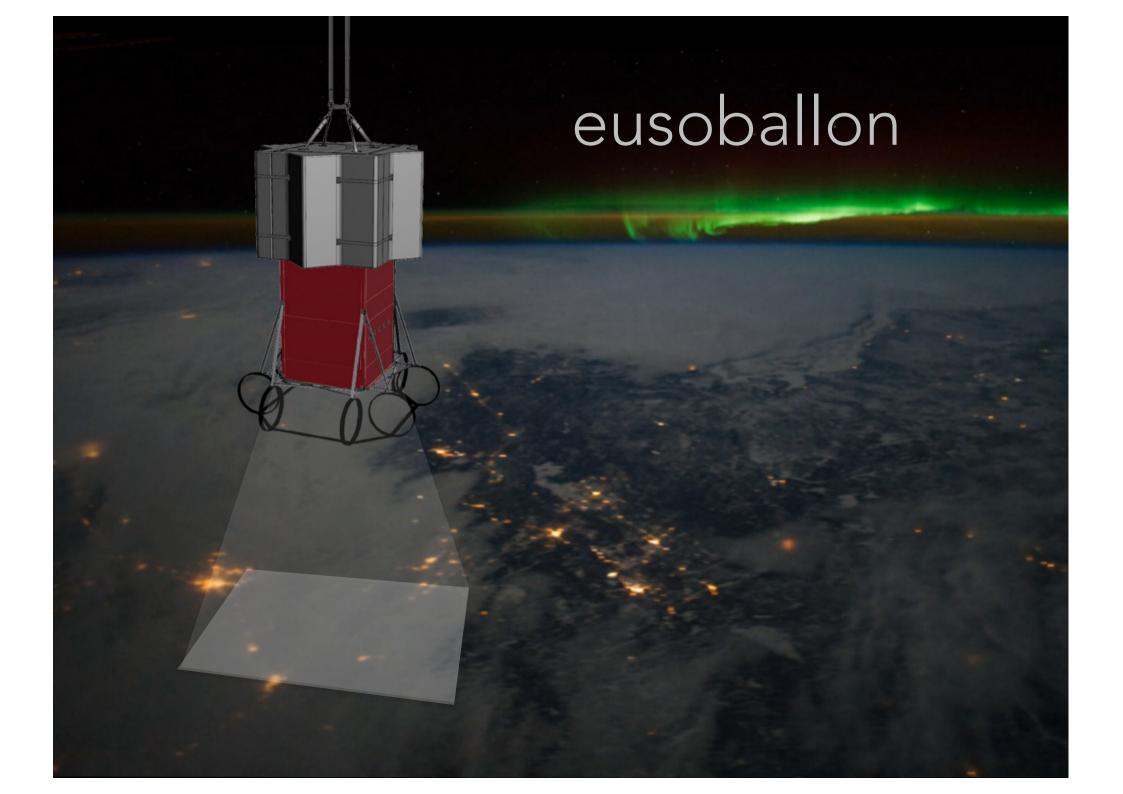


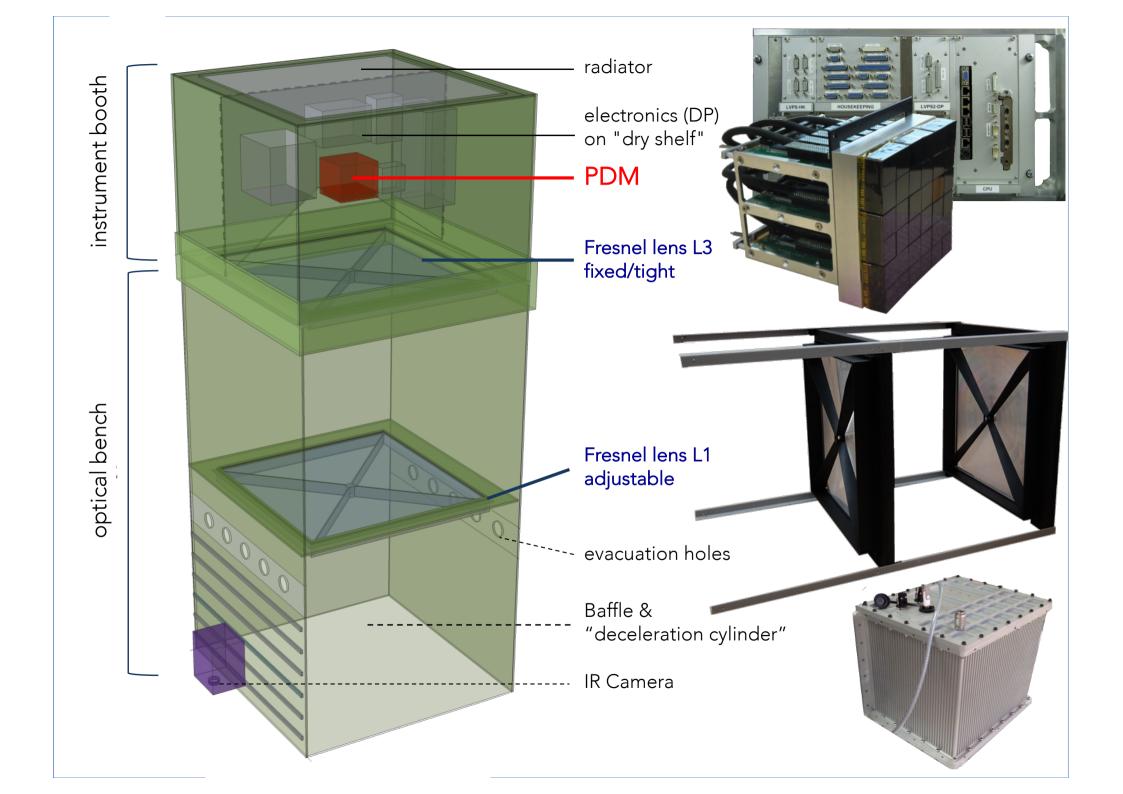
Auger, 13.7 ans de données

Auger Collaboration, Science Sept 2017

Les rayons cosmiques de Ultra-Haute Energie 60 Dec. (deg) E > 57 EeV 30 360 180 R.A. (deg) -30 -60





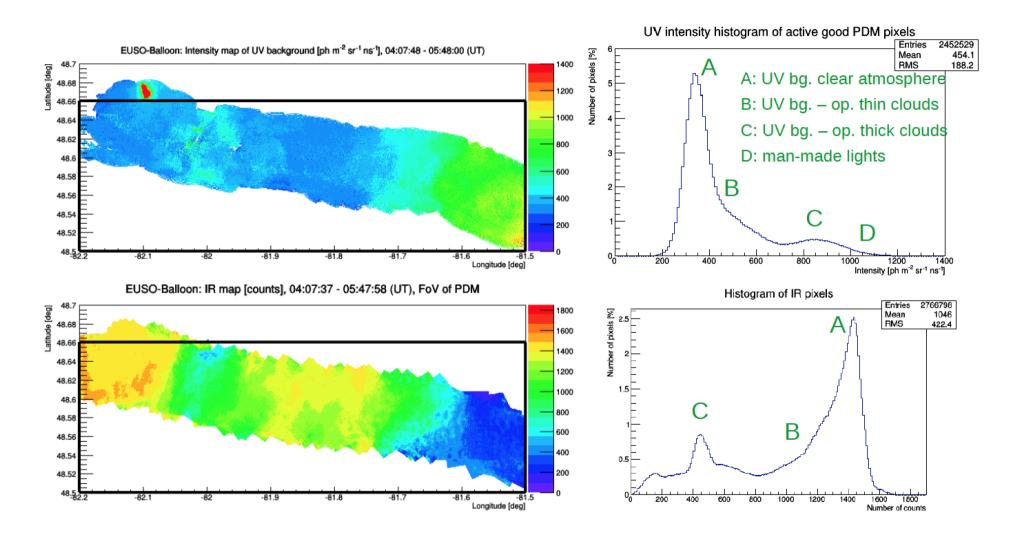


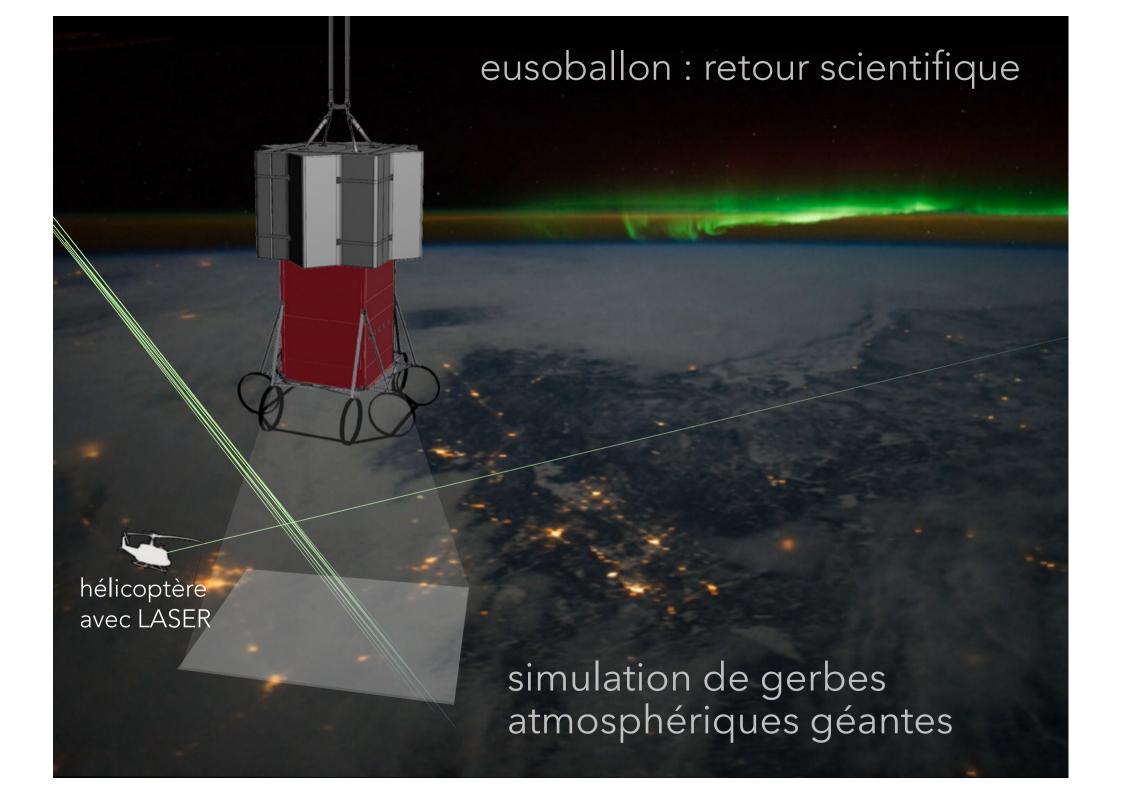


eusoballon : retour scientifique



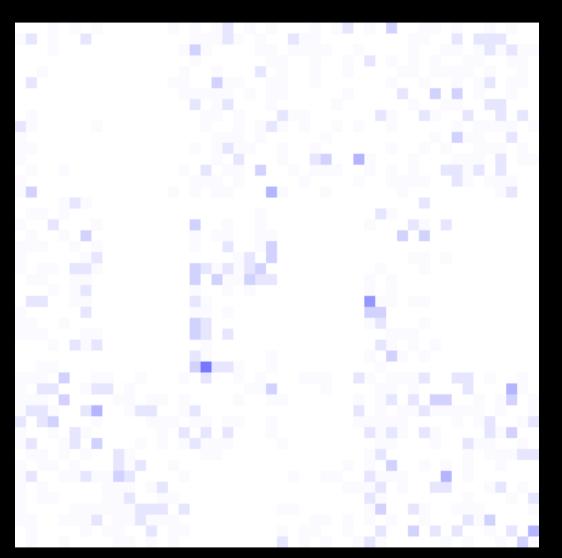
Measure du fonds UV!

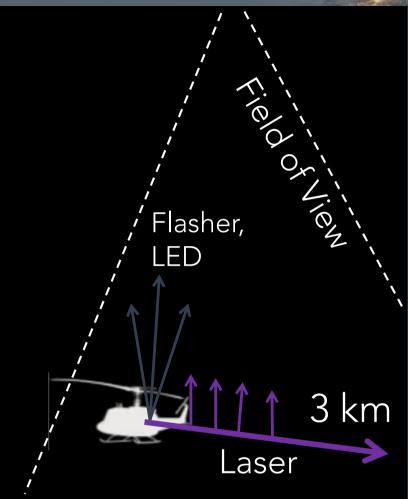




eusoballon : mesurer c ...

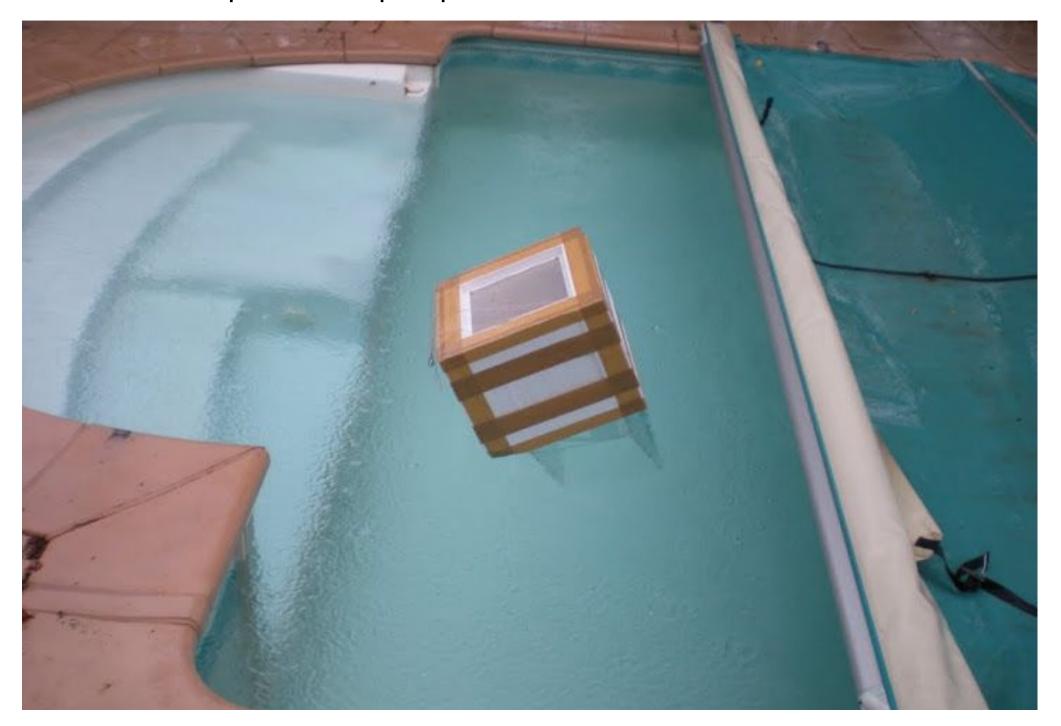






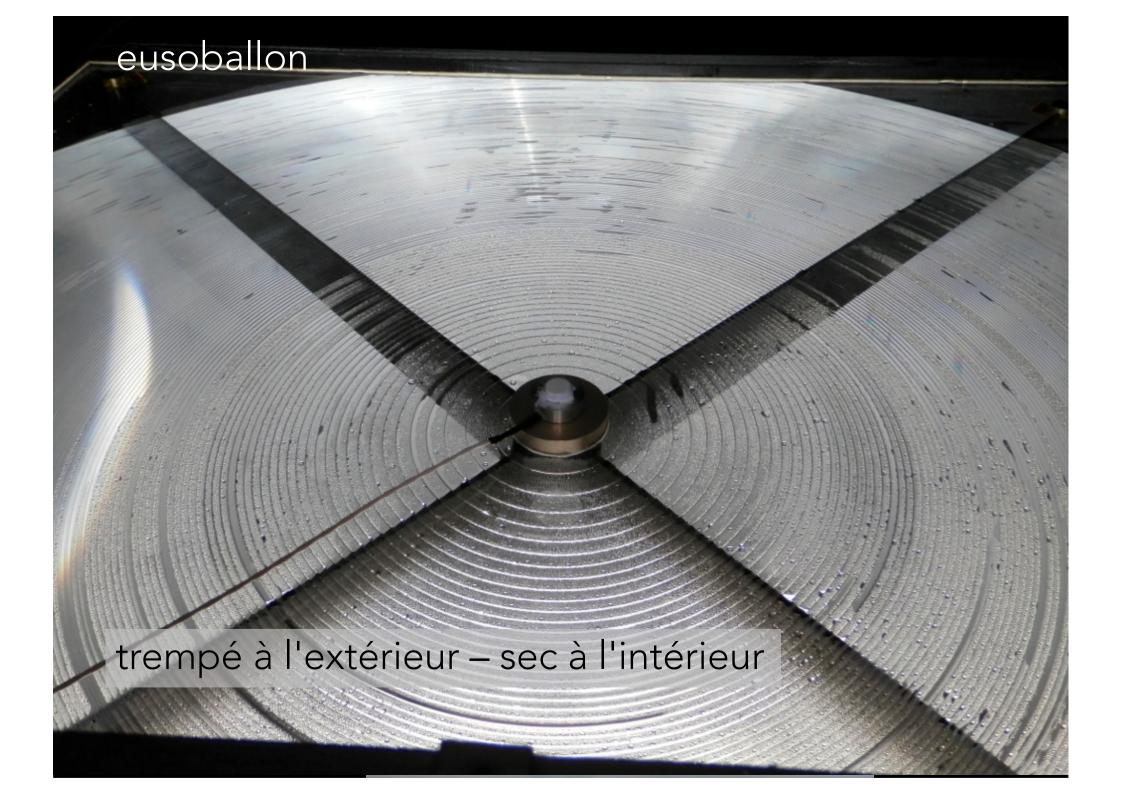


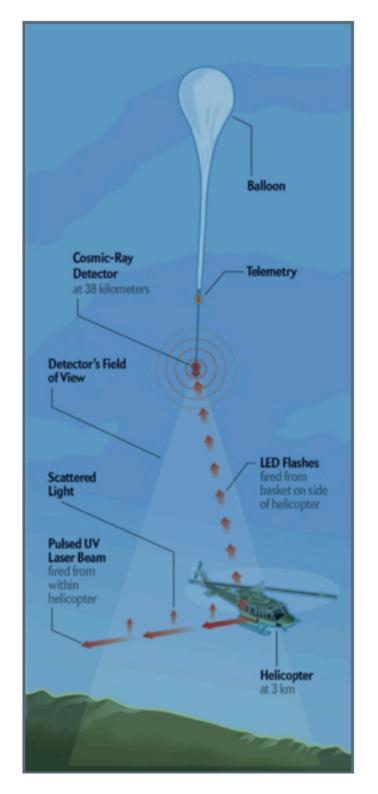
... mais qui a été préparé (marinisation)











SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN[™]

Scientific American Volume 311, Issue 5

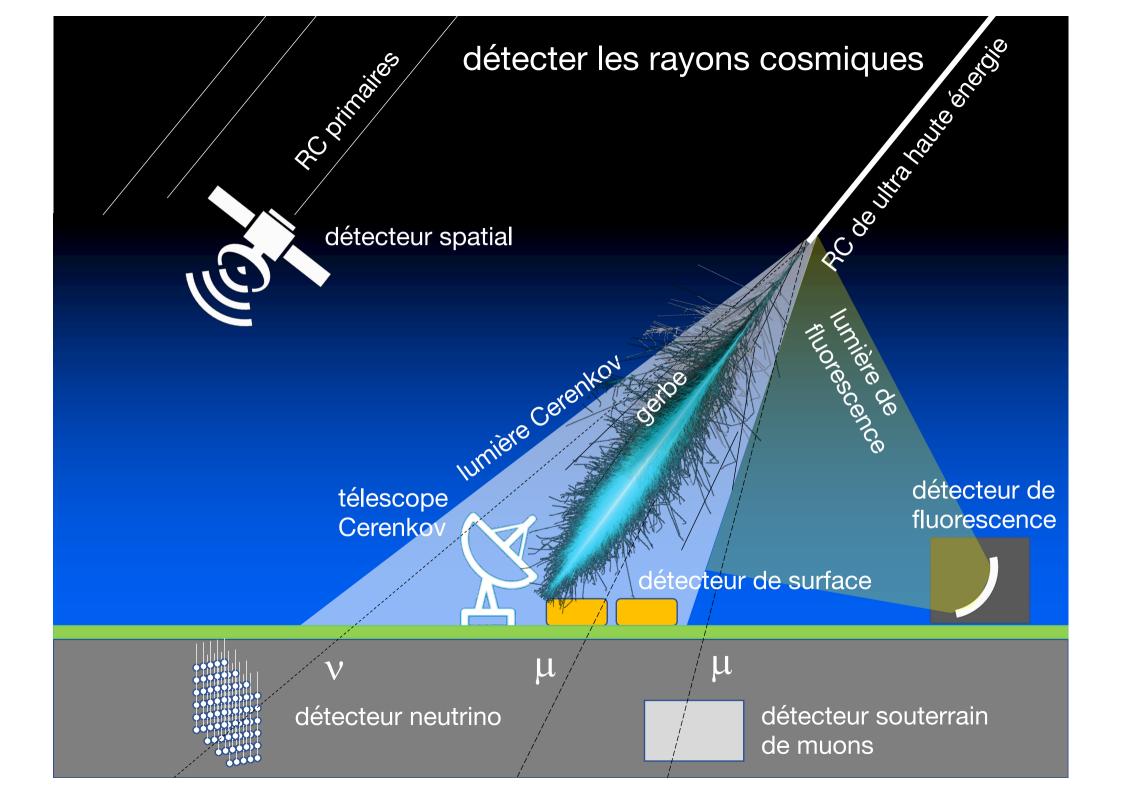
Oct 14, 2014 | By Debra Weiner

The new detector passes tests involving a helicopter balloon and lasers

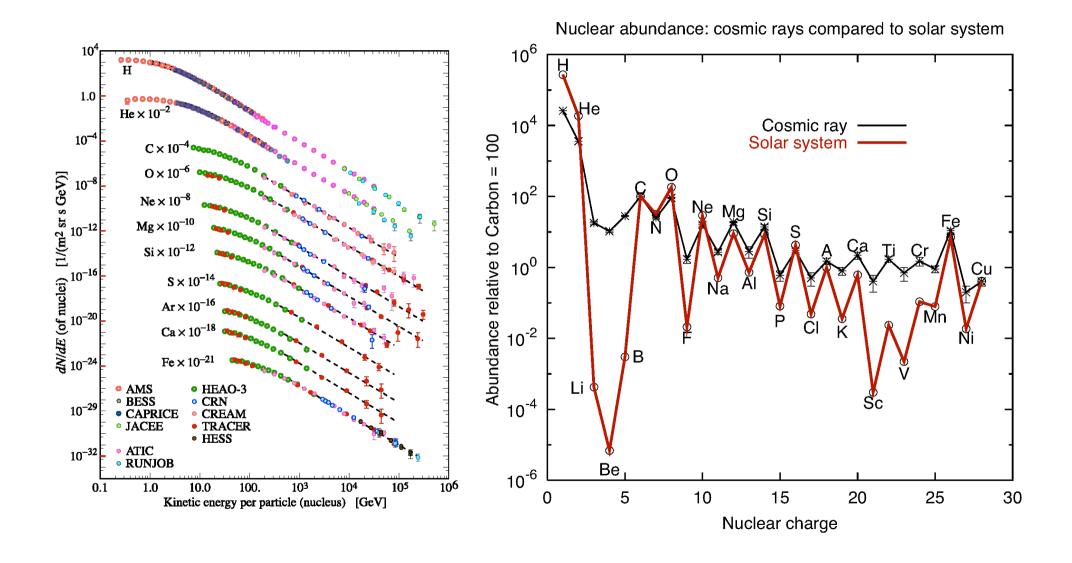
.... In August the team launched a prototype of, the telescope 38 kilometers into the stratosphere onboard a helium- filled balloon. For, two hours, researchers followed below in a helicopter, shooting a pulsed UV laser and, LED into the telescope's field of view. The test was a success: the prototype detected, the UV traces, which are similar to the fluorescence generated by extreme energy, cosmic-ray air showers ...



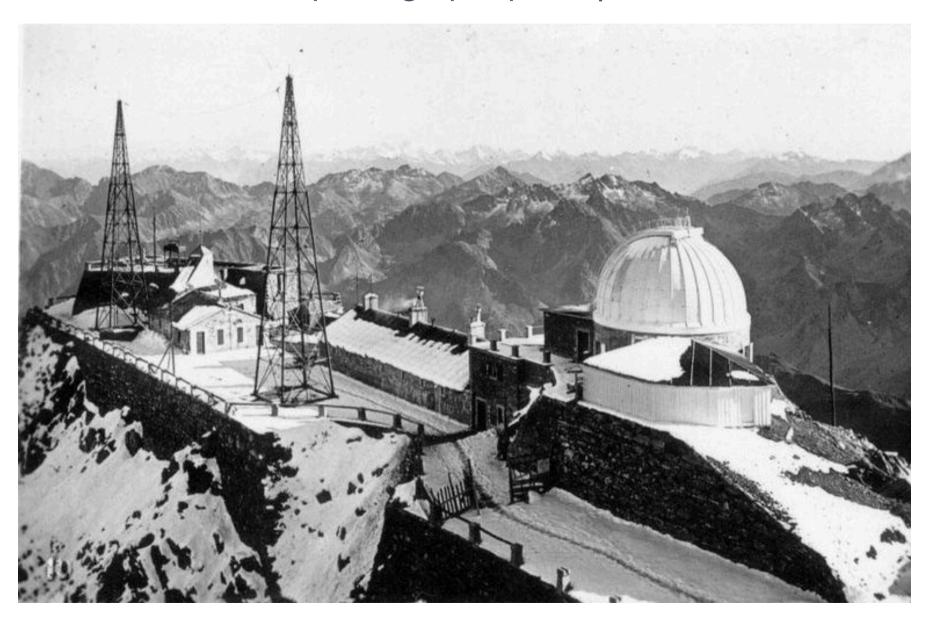
Les composition des rayons cosmiques



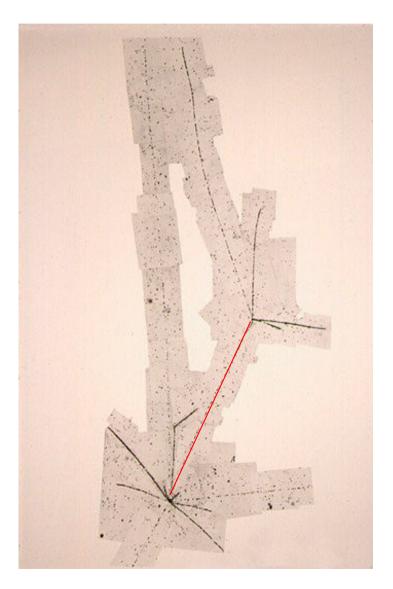
la composition des rayons cosmiques



La découverte du pion dans une émulsion photographique exposée au Pic du Midi



La découverte du pion dans une émulsion photographique exposée au Pic du Midi



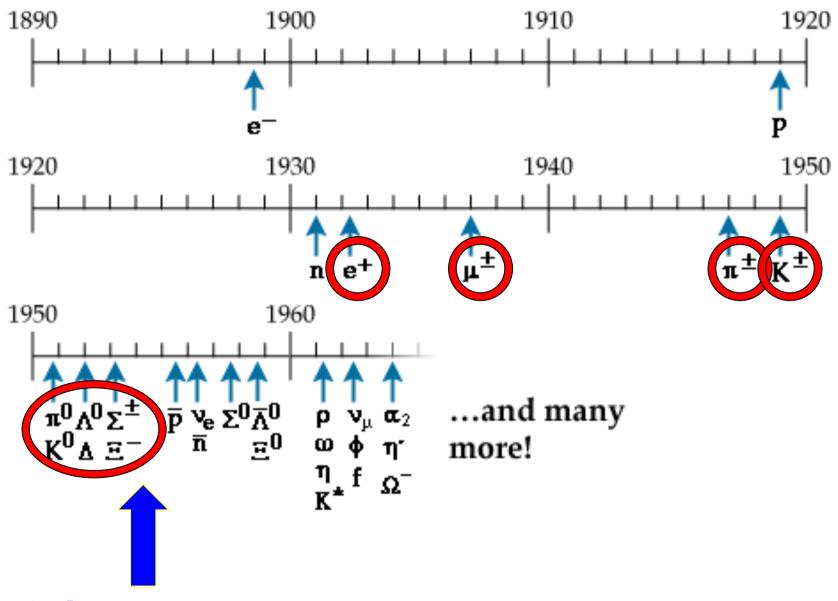
Lattes, Occhialini & Powell, 1947



Occhialini & Powell à Bristol

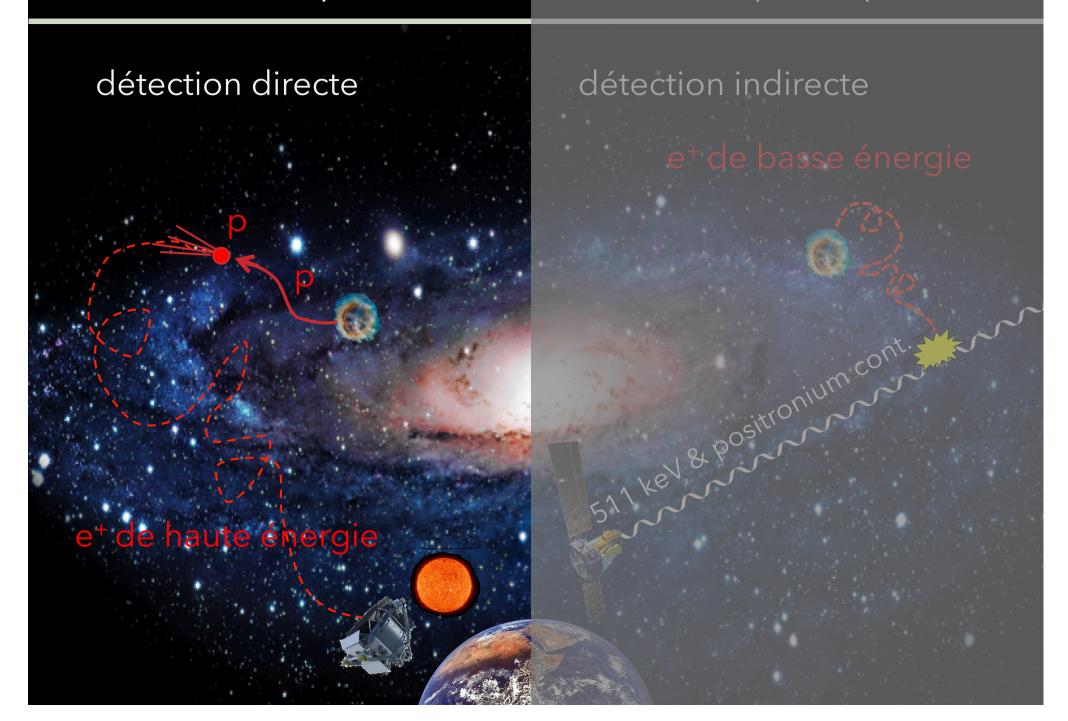
la découverte des particules élémentaires



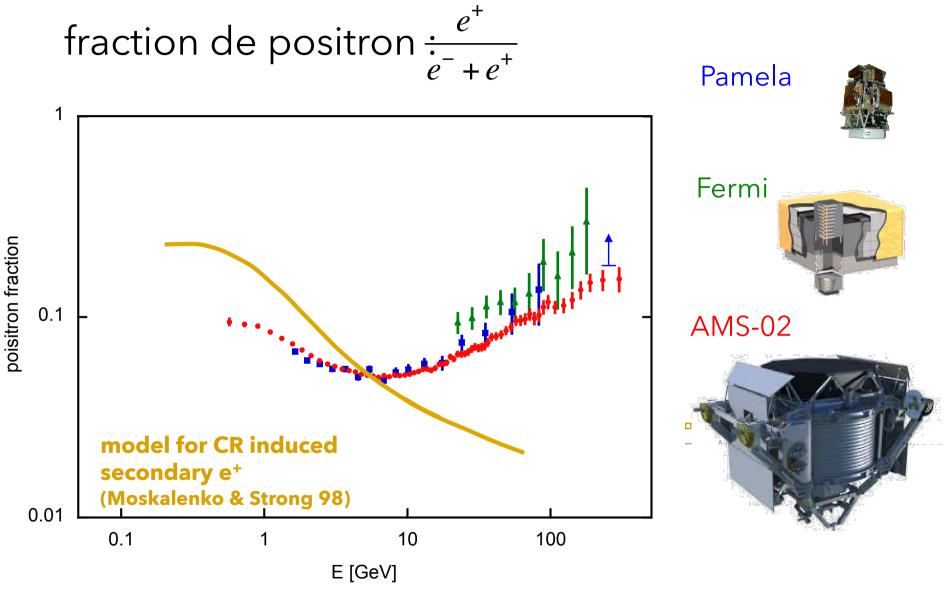


arrivée des accelerateurs

détecter les positrons (antimatière leptonique)

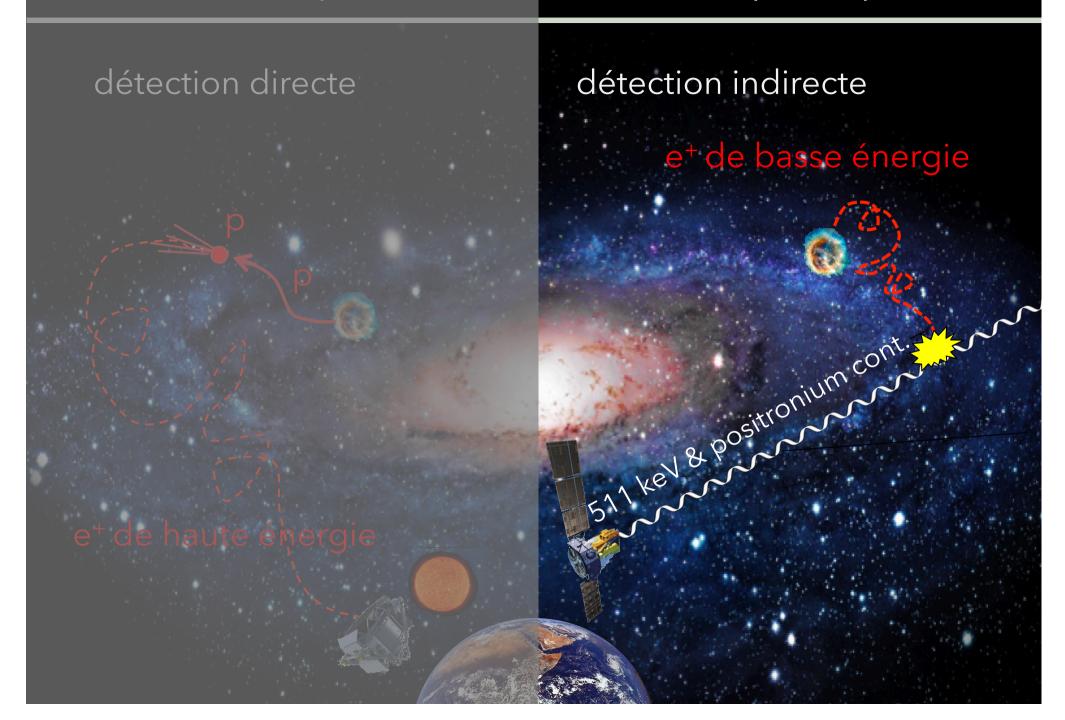


détection directe de positrons de haute énergie

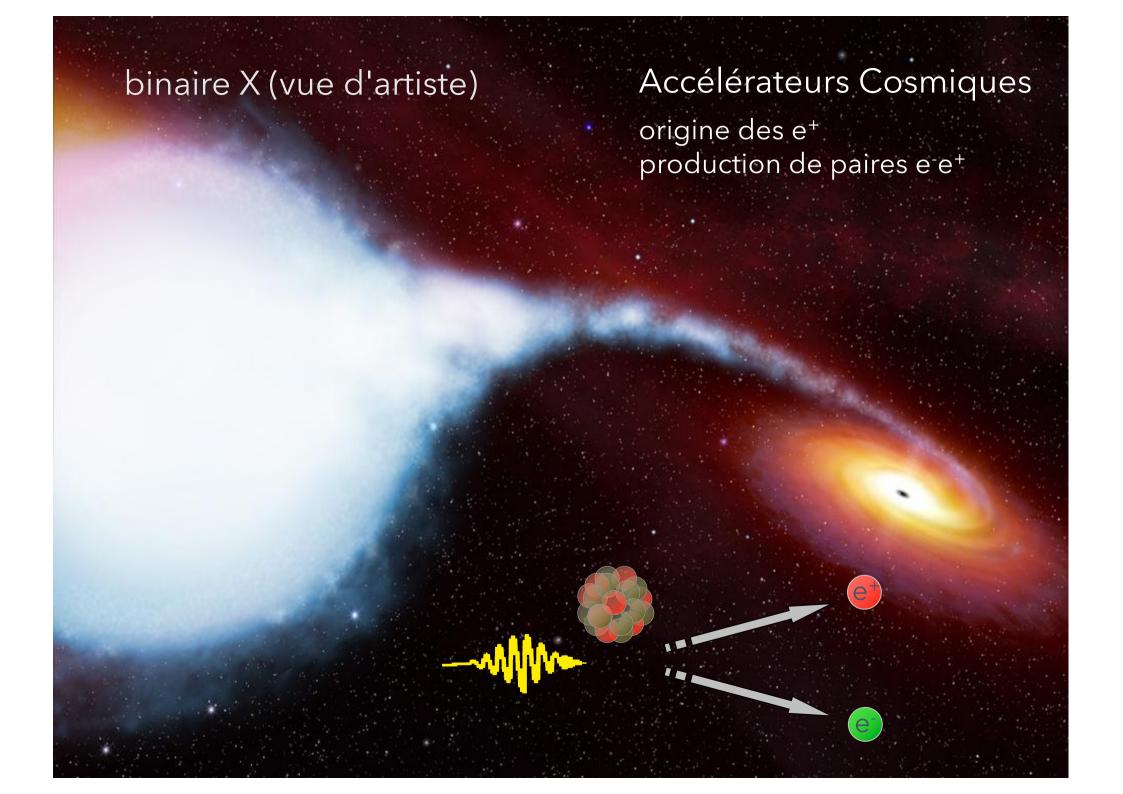


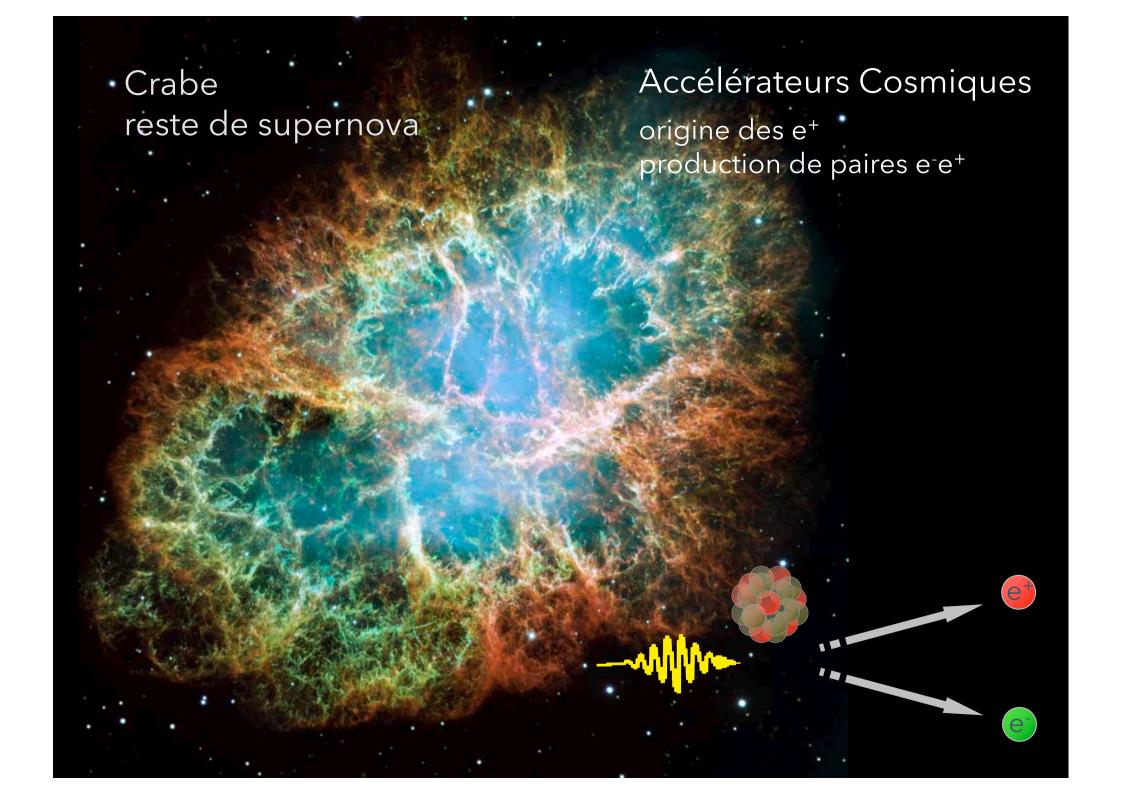
"anomalie" des positrons observés par rapport aux modèles de production secondaire positrons

détecter les positrons (antimatière leptonique)

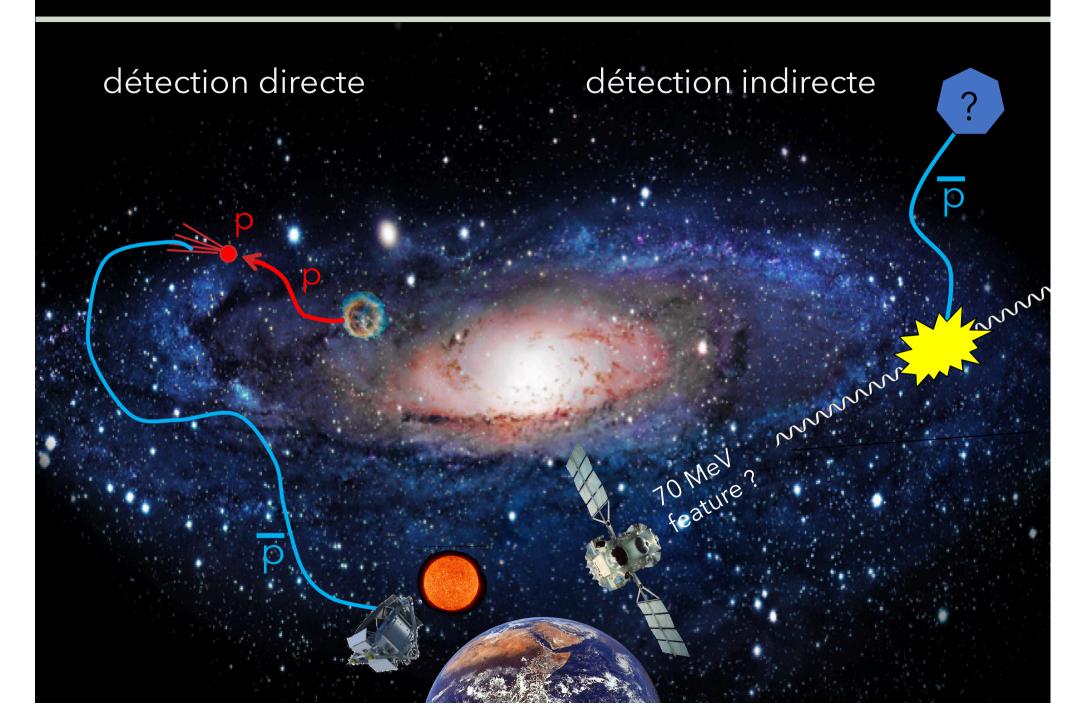


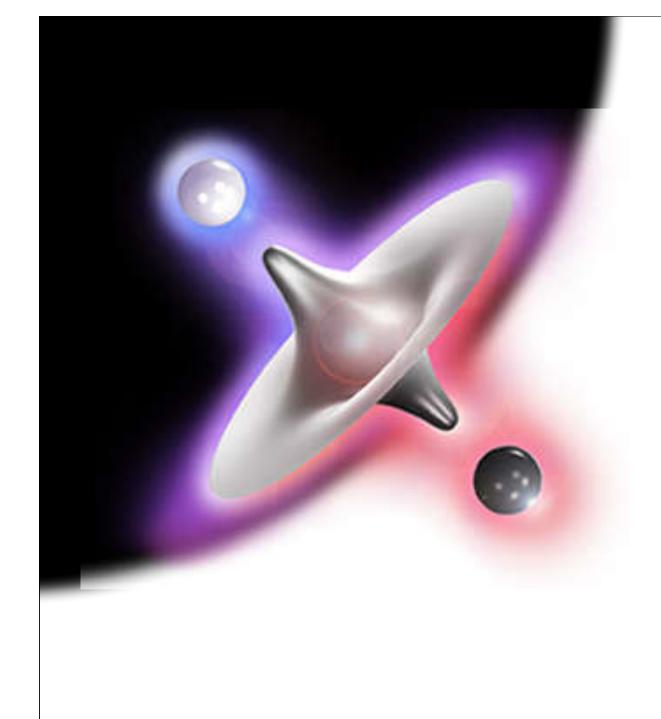
La carte du ciel dans la lumière d'annihilation e-e+ observé par INTEGRAL SPI Skinner et al. 2011





antimatière baryonique





$E = mc^2$

dans le Big Bang des quantités egales de matière et d'antimatière sont crées

symétrie entre particules et antiparticules

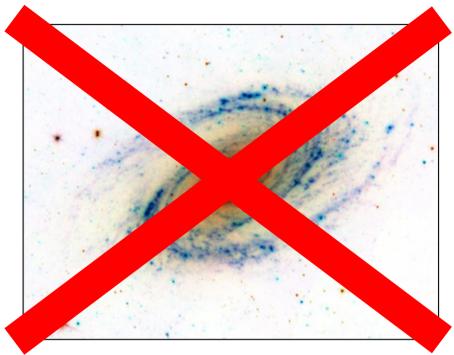
tout cette matière/anitmatière s'annihile aussitôt

. . .

antimatière baryonique détection indirecte détection directe

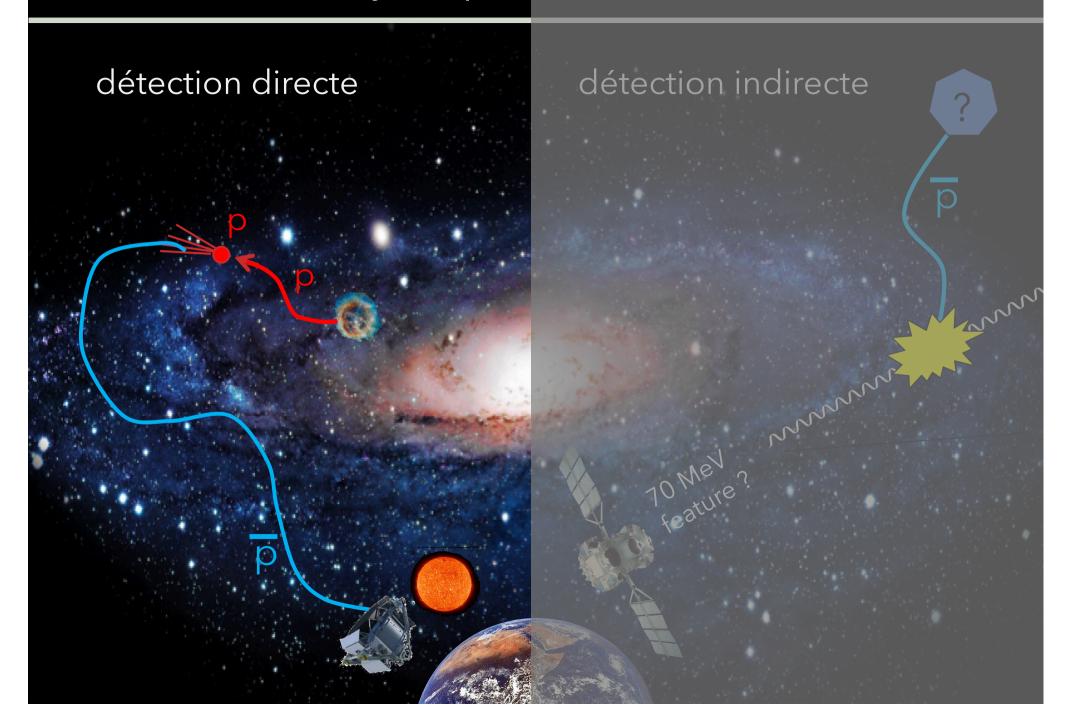
Des mondes d'antimatière ?





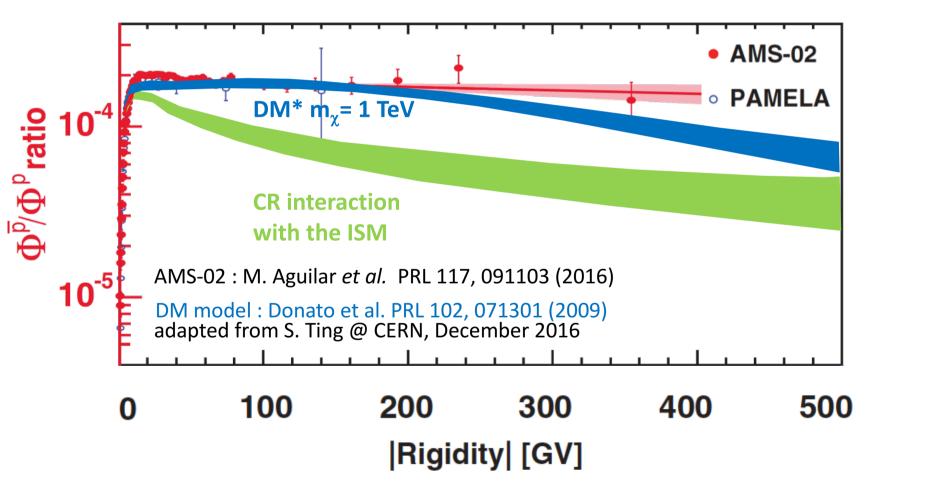
l'astronomie gamma n'a pas (encore ?) détecté des signatures d'annihilation baryonique

antimatière baryonique

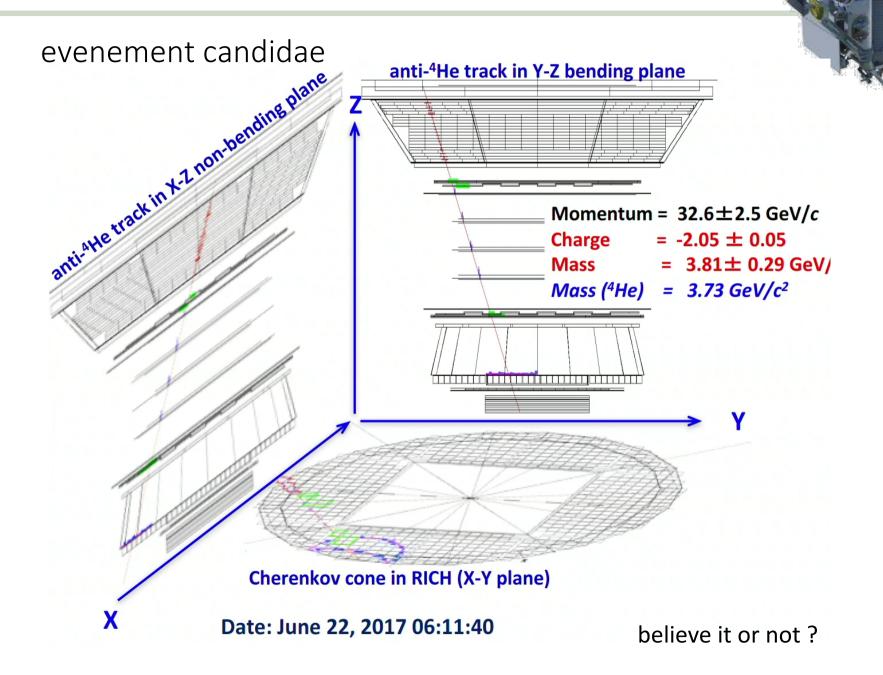


AMS-02: antiproton/proton ratio





détection d'un Anti-⁴He parAMS-02?



Anti-⁴He detection by AMS-02?

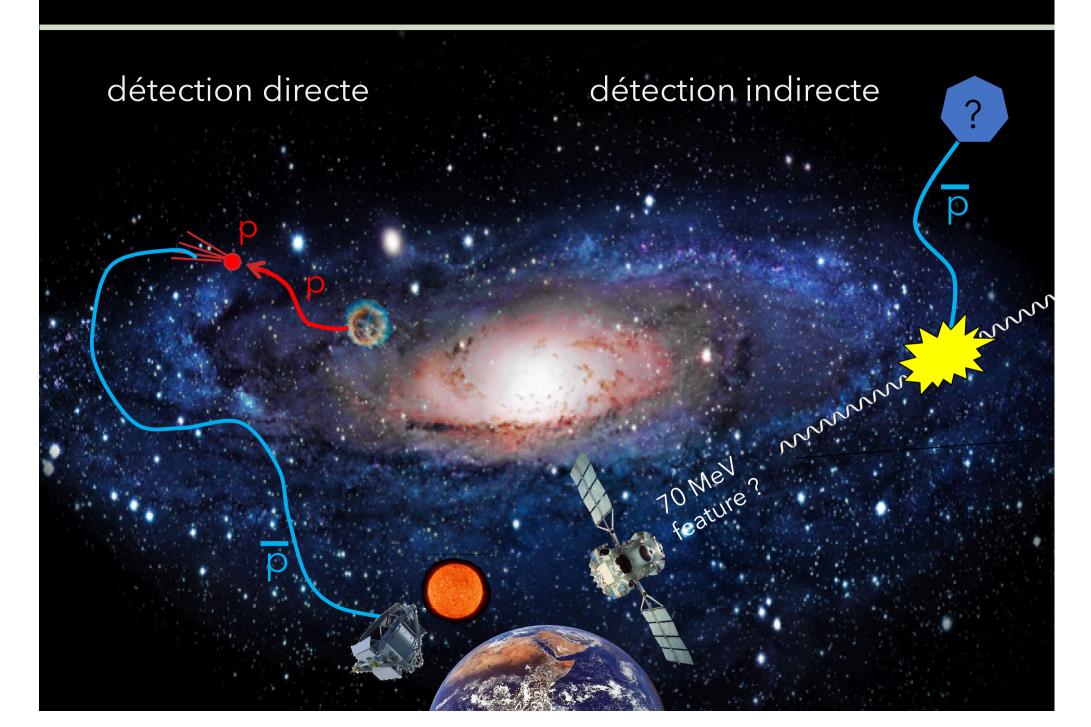
from S. Ting, CERN Colloquium of May 24 2018,

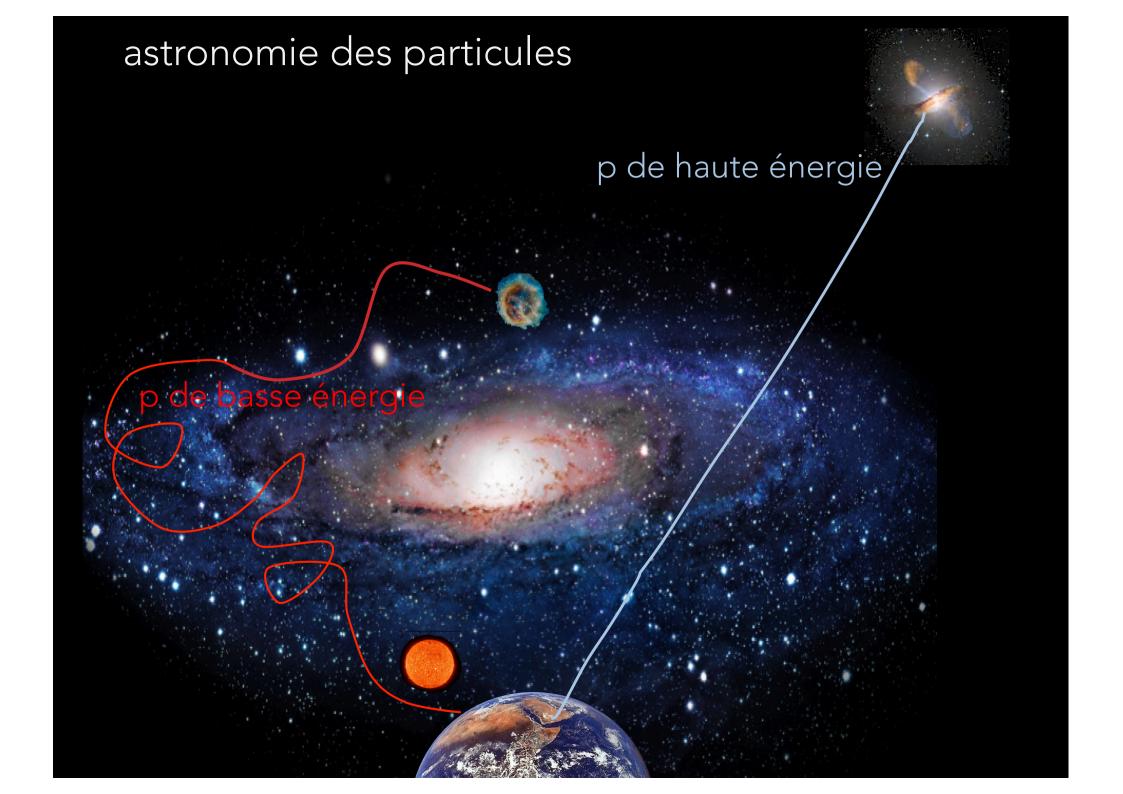
Latest Results from the AMS Experiment on the International Space Station https://indico.cern.ch/event/592392

Observations on ⁴He

- 1. We have two ${}^{4}\overline{\text{He}}$ events with a background probability of 3×10^{-3} .
- 2. Continuing to take data through 2024 the background probability for ⁴He would be 2x10⁻⁷, i.e., greater than 5-sigma significance.
- 3. The ³He/⁴He ratio is 10-20% yet ³He/⁴He ratio is 300%. More data will resolve this mystery.

astronomie d'antimatière





les messagers de l'astronomie

	messagers	message, source principale
hV1	photons	quasi-totalité de ce que l'on connaît
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CANAL+	?	matière noire
CAIVALT	?	énergie sombre